CHELMER VILLAGE & BEAULIEU PARK WARD

TOTAL POPULATION: TOTAL HOUSEHOLDS: AVERAGE HOUSEHOLD SIZE: AREA: AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY: 11277 4476 2.5 538 hectares (2.07 sq miles) 21 people/hectare (5447 people/2.07 sq mile)

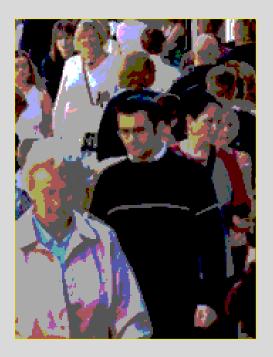


Chelmer Village and Beaulieu Park ward is situated on the eastern edge of Chelmsford's urban area and comprises a mix of residential neighbourhoods, open space and major employment areas. The focus of the area are the residential neighbourhoods of Chelmer Village (built primarily in the late 1970's and 1980s) and Beaulieu Park and Chancellor Park (built more recently in the last 10 years). However, the latter is currently being expanded to provide over 3500 new homes, schools a neighbourhood centre and a business park. Dukes Park Industrial Estate, Springfield Business Park and Chelmsford Business Park provide major employment opportunities at the commercial gateway to north east Chelmsford. The A12 trunk road and Chelmer river valley are major physical features of the ward.

POPULATION

Population age structure

0-4	889	7.88%
5-7	531	4.71%
8-9	322	2.86%
10-15	874	7.75%
16-17	329	2.92%
18-24	817	7.24%
25-44	3948	35.00%
45-64	2732	24.23%
65-74	476	4.22%
75-84	245	2.17%
85+	114	1.01%



Ethnicity

White	10408	92.29%
Mixed	218	1.93%
Asian or Asian British	447	3.96%
Black or Black British	162	1.44%
Other ethnic group	42	0.37%
Religion		
Christian	6737	59.74%
Buddhist	40	0.35%
Hindu	149	1.32%
Jewish	31	0.27%
Muslim	165	1.43%
Sikh	16	0.14%
Other	27	0.23%
No religion	3413	30.27%
Religion not stated	699	6.20%

Country of birth

England	10046	89.08%
Scotland	156	1.38%
Wales	80	0.71%
Northern Ireland	28	0.25%
Ireland	73	0.65%
Other EU Countries	245	2.17%
Born Elsewhere	648	5.75%

Health

General health 'good'	3686	32.69%
General health 'very good'	6480	57.46%
General health 'fair'	817	7.24%
General health 'bad'	224	1.99%
General health 'very bad'	70	0.62%
Long term health problem or Disability	1042	9.24%
Providing unpaid care	872	7.73%



HOUSING AND HOUSEHOLDS

Household Composition

Total households		4476	
One person		879	7.79%
Married Couple:	no children	1148	10.18%
Married couple:	dependent children	4513	40.02%
Married couple:	non dependent children	797	7.07%
Co-habiting couple:	no children	736	6.53%
Co-habiting couple:	dependent children	860	7.62%
Co-habiting couple:	non dependent children	51	0.45%
Lone parent:	dependent children	751	6.66%
Lone parent:	non dependent children	234	2.08%
All pensioner house	hold over 65	645	5.72%

Rooms and Amenities

Average number of rooms per household	5.7	
With central heating	4370	97.63%
Without central heating	106	2.37%

Cars and Vans

Households with no car or van	458	10.23%
Households with one car or van	1969	44.00%
Households with two cars or vans	1621	36.21%
Households with three cars or vans	295	6.59%
Households with four or more cars or vans	133	2.97%
All cars and vans in the area	6699	

Tenure

Owner occupied	3351	74.87%
Shared ownership	33	0.73%
Social rented	486	10.86%
Private rented	590	13.18%
Living rent free	16	0.36%

Household Spaces and Accommodation Type

Detached	1696	37.18%
Semi detached	1082	23.72%
Terraced	913	20.02%
Flat or maisonette	781	17.12%
Caravan, mobile or temporary structure	4	0.09%
Vacant	85	1.86%





ECONOMY AND WORKFORCE

Population 16 - 64

All people 16 - 64	7723 (2	7723 (2013)		
Males 16 - 64	3837	49.68%		
Females 16 - 64	3886	50.32%		

Economic Activity - Males (2011)

Males economically active	3517	44.94%
In employment	3362	42.96%
- Employees	2798	35.75%
- Self employed	564	7.21%
Unemployed	155	1.98%

Economically Inactive Males (2011)

Males economically inactive	338	4.32%
Retired	79	1.10%
Student	145	1.85%
Looking after home/family	17	0.22%
Long term sick or disabled	64	0.82%
Other	33	0.42%

Economic Activity - Females (2011)

Females economically active	3128	39.97%
In employment	2978	38.05%
- Employees	2738	34.99%
- Self employed	240	3.07%
Unemployed	150	1.91%

Economically Inactive Females (2011)

Females economically inactive	843	10.77%
Retired	155	1.98%
Student	157	2.01%
Looking after home/family	378	4.83%
Long term sick or disabled	85	1.09%
Other	68	0.87%

Jobseekers Allowance Claimants (May 2015) by age and duration

By age of claimant:	Age 18 - 24	15	2.01%
	Age 25 - 49	35	54.69%
	Age 50 and over	15	2.01%
By duration of claim:	Up to 6 months	45	70.31%
	Over 6 and up to 12 months	10	15.63%
	Over 12 months	10	15.63%





ECONOMY AND WORKFORCE

Industry of working population 16-74

All people	6422	
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	14	0.22%
Mining and Quarrying	3	0.05%
Manufacturing	392	6.10%
Electricity, Gas and Water Supply	68	1.05%
Construction	470	7.32%
Wholesale and Retail Trade, Repair of Motor Vehicles	957	14.90%
Transport and Storage	282	4.39%
Accommodation and Food Activities	238	4.41%
Information and Communication	266	4.14%
Financial and Insurance Activities	904	14.08%
Real Estate Activities	100	0.58%
Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities	529	8.24%
Administration and Support Services Activities	236	3.67%
Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security	470	7.32%
Education	610	9.50%
Human Health and Social Work Activities	630	9.81%
Other	253	3.94%

Travel to work patterns 16-74

Main part of journey to work by:		
Car or van (incl. as passenger)	3770	45.41%
Rail	1136	13.68%
Bus	229	2.76%
Motor cycle	37	0.45%
Bicycle	204	2.46%
Тахі	15	0.18%
Walking	430	5.18%
Other	33	0.40%
Works from home	335	4.04%

Qualifications of population age 16 and over

All people 16 and over	8661	
No qualifications	1032	11.92%
Highest qualification attained at level 1	1376	15.89%
Highest qualification attained at level 2	1663	19.20%
Highest qualification attained at level 3	1221	14.10%
Highest qualification attained at level 4/5	2850	32.91%
Apprenticeships	257	2.97%
Other qualifications	262	3.02%



GLOSSARY AND DEFINITIONS

This profile draws on information from the 2011 Census and official labour market statistics for 2011 and 2013. The source of the data is the Office for National Statistics and Nomis Official Labour Market Statistics. Full definitions and further information can be found at the following websites

www.neighbourhoodstatistics.gov.uk and www.nomisweb.co.uk

2011 population

A resident was defined as someone who spent most of their time at a specific address. It included: people who usually lived at that address but were temporarily away (on holiday, visiting friends or relatives, or temporarily in a hospital or similar establishment); people who worked away from home for part of the time; students, if it was their term-time address; a baby born before 30 April 2011 even if it was still in hospital; and people present on Census Day, even if temporarily, who had no other usual address.

Accommodation type

Accommodation type describes the type of accommodation occupied by an individual household, or if unoccupied, available for an individual household, for example the whole of a terraced house or a flat in a purpose built block of flats.

Age

Age is derived from the date of birth question and is the age at a person's last birthday.

Cars or vans

The number of cars or vans owned, or available for use, by one or more members of a household. It included company cars and vans available for private use. The count of cars or vans in an area is based on details for private households only.

Dwelling

A household's accommodation (a household space) is defined as being in a shared dwelling if it has accommodation type 'part of a converted or shared house', not all the rooms (including bathroom and toilet, if any) are behind a door that only that household can use and there is at least one other such household space at the same address with which it can be combined to form the shared dwelling. If any of these conditions is not met, the household space forms an unshared dwelling. Therefore a dwelling can consist of one household space (an unshared dwelling) or two or more household spaces (a shared dwelling).

Economically active

All people who were working in the week before the Census are described as economically active. In addition, the category includes people who were not working but were looking for work and were available to start work within two weeks.

Economically inactive

Specific categories of Economic Inactivity are: Retired, Student (excludes those students who were working or in some other way were economically active). A person who is looking for work but is not available to start work within two weeks is counted as Economically Inactive.

Employee

The distinction between employee and self-employed is determined by the response to the question 'Do (did) you work as an employee or are (were) you selfemployed?'. It relates to the person's main job in the week before the Census or, if not working in the week before the Census, their last Main job.

Ethnic group

The ethnic group question records each person's ethnic group as perceived by the individual themselves.

Full-time student

A full-time student is a person of any age who has indicated that they are a schoolchild or student in fulltime education.

Full-time working

Working full-time is defined as working 31 hours or more a week.

Household space

A household space is the accommodation occupied by an individual household or, if unoccupied, available for an individual household.

Industry

The industry in which a person works is determined by the response to the question asking for a description of the business of the person's employer (or own business if self-employed).

In employment

Any person who carried out paid work in the week before the Census, whether self-employed or an employee, is described as employed or in employment.



GLOSSARY AND DEFINITIONS

Long term health problem or disability

A self assessment of whether or not a person has a limiting long-term illness, health problem or disability which limits their daily activities or the work they can do, including problems relating to old age.

Long-term unemployed

A person is described as long-term unemployed if they have not worked since 2009 or earlier.

Occupation

A person's occupation is coded from the responses to the questions asking for the full title of the main job and the description of what is done in that job.

Owned

This includes accommodation that is either owned outright or owned with a mortgage or loan,

Permanently sick / disabled

This is a sub-category of 'economically inactive'. There is no direct connection with long term health problem or disability.

Pensioner

This term is used to describe someone of pensionable age i.e. 65 and over for males and 60 and over for females.

Population density Number of people per hectare.

Private rented

Accommodation that is rented from a private landlord or letting agency, employer, household member or other non-social rented.

Qualifications

The term 'no qualifications' describes people without any academic, vocational or professional qualification. The term 'lower level' qualification is used to describe qualifications equivalent to level 1 to 3 of the National Key Learning Targets (ie GSCE's, O levels, A levels, NVQ levels 1-3). The term 'higher level' refers to qualifications of levels 4 and above (ie first degrees, higher degrees, NVQ levels 4 and 5, HND, HNC and certain professional qualifications).

Self-employed

The distinction between employee and self-employed is determined by the response to the question 'Do (did) you work as an employee or are (were) you self employed?' It relates to the person 's Main job in the week before Census or, if not working in the week before Census, their last Main job.

Shared ownership

Through shared ownership (part owned and part rented).

Social rented

Accommodation that is rented from a Local Authority or a Housing Association, Housing Co-operative, Charitable Trust or Registered Social Landlord.

Tenure

The tenure of a household is derived from the response to the question asking whether the household owns or rents its accommodation and if, rented, from the response to the question asking who is the landlord.

Unemployed

A person is defined as unemployed if he or she is not in employment, is available to start work in the next two weeks and has either looked for work in the last four weeks or is waiting to start a new job.

Working age population

Working age includes males aged 16-64 and females aged 16-64. Source: ONS mid-year population estimates

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