

Overview and Scrutiny Committee Agenda



4th November 2024 at 7pm

**Council Chamber, Civic Centre, Duke Street,
Chelmsford, CM1 1JE**

Membership

Councillor J. Jeapes (Chair)
Councillor A. Thompson (Vice Chair)

and Councillors

V. Canning, D. Clark, H. Clark, P. Davey, S. Davis, J. Deakin, S.
Dobson, K. Franks, L. Mascot, M. Steel, and P. Wilson

Local people are welcome to attend this meeting, where your elected Councillors take decisions affecting YOU and your City. There will also be an opportunity to ask your Councillors questions or make a statement. These have to be submitted in advance to committees@chelmsford.gov.uk. Further details are on the agenda page. If you would like to find out more, please email jan.decena@chelmsford.gov.uk or phone Jan Decena in the Democracy Team on Chelmsford (01245) 606260.

Overview and Scrutiny Committee

4 November 2024

AGENDA

1. Apologies for Absence and Substitutions

2. Chairs Announcements

3. Minutes

To consider the minutes of the meeting held on 14th October 2024.

4. Decision and Action Sheet

To consider the decisions and actions from the previous minutes from the 14th October 2024 meeting.

5. Declaration of Interests

All Members are reminded that they must disclose any interests they know they have in items of business on the meeting's agenda and that they must do so at this point on the agenda or as soon as they become aware of the interest. If the interest is a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest they are also obliged to notify the Monitoring Officer within 28 days of the meeting.

6. Public Question Time

Any member of the public may ask a question or make a statement at this point in the meeting. Each person has two minutes and a maximum of 20 minutes is allotted to public questions/statements, which must be about matters for which the Committee is responsible.

The Chair may disallow a question if it is offensive, substantially the same as another question or requires disclosure of exempt or confidential information. If the question cannot be answered at the meeting a written response will be provided after the meeting.

Any member of the public who wishes to submit a question or statement to this meeting should email it to committees@chelmsford.gov.uk 24 hours before the start time of the meeting. All valid questions and statements will be published with the agenda on the website at least six hours before the start time and will be responded to at the meeting. Those who have submitted a valid question or statement will be entitled to put it in person at the meeting.

7. Decisions Called-In

To report on any Cabinet decisions called in and to decide how they should be progressed.

7.1 Declaration of John Shennan Field as a Local Nature Reserve

The Overview and Scrutiny Committee is to consider the decision taken by Cabinet on 8th October 2024 which was called in on 10th October 2024. The decision relates to a declaration of John Shennan Field as a Local Nature Reserve.

8. Work Programme

9. Urgent Business

To consider any other matter which, in the opinion of the Chair, should be considered by reason of special circumstances (to be specified) as a matter of urgency.

MINUTES

of the

OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

held on 14 October 2024 at 7pm

Present:

Councillor J. Jeapes (Chair)
Councillor A. Thompson (Vice-Chair)

Councillors, C. Adutwim, D. Clark, H. Clark, P. Clark, J. Deakin, L. Mascot, M. Steel, P. Wilson, R. Whitehead, and S. Young.

Also in attendance –
Councillors J. Lardge, S. Robinson, and T. Sherlock

1. Apologies for Absence and Substitutions

Apologies were received from Councillors V. Canning, P. Davey, S. Davies, S. Dobson, and K. Franks. Councillor C. Adutwim substituted for Councillor P. Davey. Councillor P. Clark substituted for Councillor S. Davies. Councillor R. Whitehead substituted for Councillor S. Dobson. Councillor S. Young substituted for Councillor K. Franks.

2. Chairs Announcements

The Chair reminded members of the importance of impartiality and non-political nature of the Overview and Scrutiny Committee. Members were reminded to have an independent mindset. The Chair reiterated their role was to ensure that members were heard fairly and for the independence of the Committee to be maintained.

3. Minutes

The minutes of the meeting held on 12th February 2024 were agreed as a correct record.

4. Decision and Action Sheet

The Committee considered and noted the decision and action sheet since the last meeting on 12th February 2024.

5. Declaration of Interests

All Members were reminded to declare any Disclosable Pecuniary interests or other registerable interests where appropriate in any items of business on the meeting's agenda. None were made.

6. Public Question Time

One public question had been submitted in advance of the meeting, which was asked in person and [can be seen via this link](#).

The question related to the Chelmsford City Council's climate emergency declaration, and they asked for the costs and quantifiable benefits of the initiatives to residents. They queried whether there was a target in mind for when the climate emergency would be over. They also asked if the initiative to transfer to electric vehicles was consistent with the modern slavery policy. They further stated that the science was not settled on the topic of climate change. They stated that Council's initiatives to Net Zero were expensive and did not provide a value for money for residents.

The Chair then proposed to include an inform and debate item on the topic on the future work programme. It was advised that the points raised by the member of the public could be discussed then, as appropriate.

RESOLVED that an inform and debate item on the Council's climate emergency declaration and net zero initiatives be included in the work programme.

(7.07pm to 7.13pm)

7. Decisions Called-In

It was noted that the Cabinet decision on 8th October 2024 to declare John Shennan Field as a Local Nature Reserve had been called. It had been agreed to consider the call in at a special meeting on 4th November 2024.

8. Planning Enforcement Inform and Debate

The Committee received a report from, the Council's Planning Environment Manager, and the Planning Development Services Manager, that set out the ways the Planning Enforcement service within the Council operated. Members were advised that the Planning Enforcement Team also consisted of a senior planning officer, senior planning enforcement officer, and two planning investigators.

Members were informed that the Planning Enforcement Team were responsible for investigating alleged breaches of planning control and ensuring that works were carried out in accordance with the relevant planning permission. They were advised that the complaint procedure usually consisted of an investigation, which could include site visits, drawing up a report, and then resolving the issue. Officers also advised that they resolved breaches through negotiations as much as possible which might include submitting a retrospective planning application. However, there were instances where officers had to take formal action against unacceptable development.

Officers advised on what constituted as a breach of planning permission and the different meaning of what consisted as a 'development' including building operation and material change of use. Members were informed of the different routes to planning permission either via planning applications, permitted development rights, or

prior approval from the local planning authority. An example where a negotiation resolved a breach of planning control was also shown and this had included three planning applications, two appeals, and two rounds of pre-application advice.

The Committee heard that in situations where negotiation had not resolved a breach of planning control and that a formal enforcement action was needed. It was advised that there would be an assessment of expediency, which was outlined in the national planning guidance. Officers also stated that enforcement action was avoided on cases where the breach was either trivial or technical (where it caused no harm or adverse impact to the amenity of the site or the surrounding area), or where development was acceptable if a planning application were to be submitted. Members were then shown various examples of cases, including trivial ones and ones where action had been taken leading to an injunction, the strongest type of formal action. Officers also advised that planning enforcement could not always fix a breach of planning control. It was emphasised that the enforcement powers were quite limited and there would be certain individuals who would always disregard planning law and regulations.

In response to questions and statements from the Committee it was advised that;

- Regarding the closure rate of cases, it was advised that there was a constant stream of new cases and that they were being closed in a similar rate i.e. around the same amount of cases were opened and closed each week. Although, case opening and closure were not dependent on one another.
- The Planning Enforcement Team would also welcome any concerns of breaches of planning control from councillors and they could advise them in an informal manner before opening a case.
- It was confirmed that the outstanding issues from Persimmon Homes Ltd at the Chignal estate were being investigated by the Planning Enforcement Team.
- It was advised that if direct planning enforcement action was taken, the Council had the power to put land charges back on the land however it was observed that these came with legal difficulties and recovering the cost of direct action was unlikely to happen based on experience from other Local Authorities.
- Regarding whether it was appropriate to take formal action, it was advised that this would depend on the nature of the breach and the risk of it continuing and would be dealt with on a case-by-case basis. It was also advised that a formal action may have been taken many years ago however the breach could still be ongoing.
- In terms of the public interest test, officers advised that this would come down to expediency. The Planning Enforcement Team advised that the expediency test was complex as the level of public interest, the breach of planning control, the policies within the Local Plan, the likelihood of planning permission being granted, and whether conditions attached to planning permission could resolve issues were considered.
- It was advised that the expediency test boiled down to whether officers thought the development would or could be granted planning permission with planning conditions.
- With regards to anonymous complaints, officers advised that these were not normally investigated, but there were instances where they would be; usually

when a common issue was identified over the same time period and there was a potential serious breach of planning control.

- Under the Levelling Up and Regeneration Act 2023, it was advised that breaches of planning control could be immune from enforcement action after 10 years, rather than the previous four-year period. To be subject of the 10 year rule, a development had to be substantially complete before April 2024. The Planning Enforcement Team at the moment would not be looking back on historic cases as these would be under the previous four-year rule.

RESOLVED that;

- officers be thanked for their presentation and continued hard work and;
- the contents of the report be noted.

(7.14pm to 7.52pm)

9. Theatre Refurbishment Evaluation Task & Finish Group Report

The Committee received a report from the Theatre Refurbishment Evaluation Task & Finish Group. The report was presented by Councillor Sue Young, who had been the Chair of the Task & Finish Group. They thanked the Director of Connected Chelmsford, and, the Chelmsford City Culture Services Manager, who had given many hours to the project evaluation and drawing the final report together. They also thanked the members of the Task & Finish Group who had challenged and checked the process.

Members were advised that the report did not just provide an evaluation report but that it also indicated how members questioned and challenged the process. It was emphasised that the Theatre Refurbishment had not been a straightforward project and that ambitions grew before the work had been tendered. The Committee were reminded that difficulties had emerged in the early stages and, although these had been overcome, it was found that they had long-term implications on the costs and time taken for the project. The report also detailed several lessons learnt, both identified throughout the project and during the course of the Task & Finish Group meetings. It was stated that the Task & Finish Group wanted to ensure that the recommendations were monitored.

In response to the comments and questions from Committee members, the Chair of the Task and Finish Group and officers advised that;

- There were some indications on the report of how the theatre had been performing since the refurbishment however it was emphasised that there was no sufficient time frame where they could gather enough information on the performance. The Task & Finish Group had suggested for the new Theatre Director to provide these information and figures after six months. It was appreciated that the new programming was at early stages however it was also observed that the outlook looked to be very positive.
- In response to a comment on the change of ambitions involving the project, it was advised that it had changed before the contract was tendered, and that information had come to Cabinet and Council regarding what would additionally be done.

- It was also emphasised that certain aspects such as the lift could not be included due to the age and layout of the building. However, it was also stated that accessibility had still been improved significantly for those with disabilities.
- The Chelmsford Theatre's contribution to the cultural work within the city was highlighted.
- It was advised that a profit of £49k had been reached in 2023/24. Even taking the central recharge figures into account, the net financial position of the theatre was an improved position of £60k against the last full year before the pandemic. However, it was emphasised that these were early figures and members would get a full projection at the Theatre Inform and Debate.
- Regarding a query about the mobile changing places unit, it was advised that this was currently undergoing refurbishment, and it was planned for the unit to be brought to the theatre and to be utilised for relaxed performances.

The Leader of the Council also explained that the Deputy Leader and the Cabinet Member for a Connected Chelmsford at the time had explained the problems faced in previous Cabinet meetings. They reiterated the multiple problems that the building had posed which hindered the team in installing certain facilities such as more seats and the lift. It was also emphasised the vast numbers of people attending the theatre were higher than the previous years. It was added that the theatre had a robust programme, and the new theatre director had also offered new ideas. The Leader admitted that there were lessons to be learnt from the process and the project management toolkit should be endorsed.

It was acknowledged that whilst there were lots of lessons to be learnt for future projects, the transformation of the theatre had been a success overall, with increased income and excellent customer feedback.

RESOLVED that;

- the thorough work undertaken by the Theatre Refurbishment Evaluation Task & Finish Group be acknowledged and;
- the contents of the evaluation report be noted and;
- the Council use the lessons learnt on future projects and decisive actions be taken on the recommendations outlined in the evaluation report and;
- the new Theatre Director, post-six months into their appointment, be requested to present an inform and debate item to the Committee and;
- officers to provide a report on the use of the new project management toolkit at a future meeting

(7.52pm to 8.21pm)

10. Report on the Updates from Council Representatives on Outside Bodies

The Committee received a report on the activities of Council Representatives on Outside Bodies from 2023/24. Members were reminded that two of the recommendations made from the report of the Outside Bodies Task & Finish Group was for the Overview and Scrutiny Committee to receive annual updates from each appointed representative and review any outside bodies that had not met before May 2024.

RESOLVED that the updates from the Council representatives on Outside Bodies be noted.

(8.21pm to 8.23pm)

11. Request from a Councillor to add item on Parking Strategy to Work Programme

The Committee received a request from a councillor to add an item in relation to the Council's Parking Strategy and parking provision to the work programme

Councillor Whitehead, who had submitted the request, was invited to provide a summary of it. It was advised that members had been advised that an updated parking policy would be published covering all aspects of parking in Chelmsford. However, it was observed that no Parking Policy had been brought to Cabinet. They added that, in their view, closure of some car parks would reduce the attractiveness of the city for visitors. It was also reiterated that no financial information had been given showing the benefits of the closure.

The Leader of the Council was invited to respond to the request and confirmed that they would be happy for an item regarding the parking provision to be brought to Overview and Scrutiny. It was advised that the administration had always planned to review the Parking policy. They informed the Committee that some car parks had not reached pre pandemic levels of activity and it had been observed that some the car parks did not reach full capacity. There would also be a significant impact from the Beaulieu Station and related car park. The Leader also emphasised on the pressing issue of the housing crisis and its financial costs and highlighted the benefit of being able to provide the solutions via building on Council owned land. Regarding a query on the budget to use for housing, the Leader advised that this would be from the revenue budget.

RESOLVED that a Review of the Parking Strategy be considered in the work programme.

(8.23pm to 8.37pm)

12. Work Programme

The Committee considered a report on its work programme which had been updated following the last meeting on 12th February 2024. It was advised that as additional items had been added for future meetings, officers would discuss with the Chair and Vice Chair the appropriate meetings for them to be considered.

RESOLVED that the work programme be noted.

(8.37pm to 8.39pm)

13. Urgent Business

There were no matters of urgent business.

The meeting closed at 8.39pm.

Chair

Overview and Scrutiny Committee Decision and Action Sheet

Summary of Decisions taken at last meeting		
Item Details	Decision taken at the meeting	Any comments
Item 3 – Minutes of last meeting	Minutes were agreed.	N/A
Item 4 – Decision and Actions Sheets from the minutes of the last meeting	Decision and Action sheet was noted.	N/A
Item 6 – Public Question Time	Climate Emergency Declaration and net zero initiatives Inform and Debate to be added to the work programme.	N/A
Item 8 – Planning Enforcement Inform and Debate	Presentation and report noted.	N/A
Item 9 – Theatre Refurbishment Evaluation Task & Finish Group Report	Recommendations agreed. Theatre Inform and Debate and Use of Project Management Toolkit to be added to the work programme.	N/A
Item 10 – Report on the Updates from Council Representatives on Outside Bodies	Update noted.	N/A
Item 11 – Request from a Councillor to add item on Parking Strategy to Work Programme	Review of Parking Strategy to be added to the work programme.	N/A
Item 12 – Work Programme	Work programme noted and for the additional items to be considered. April 2025 O&S meeting rescheduled to March 2025 due to ECC elections.	N/A

Action Points			
Action Points agreed on 14 th October 2024	Outstanding or Actioned?	Next steps	Officers to Action
<p>Work Programme to be looked at and amended:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Review of Parking Provision - Climate Emergency Declaration and net zero initiatives Inform and Debate - Theatre Inform and Debate (including Review from Theatre Director) - Use of Project Management Toolkit 	Actioned	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Officers to reconvene outside Overview & Scrutiny to make amendments to the work programme. - Review of Parking Provision to be presented on November 2024 O&S meeting. - Cabinet Member for an Active Chelmsford Portfolio Update moved to February 2025 O&S meeting. - Theatre Inform and Debate (including Review from Theatre Director) programmed in for March 2025 O&S meeting. - Use of Project Management Toolkit to be programmed in for November 2025 O&S meeting. 	Louise Goodwin, Keith Nicholson, Paul Brookes, and Jan Decena



Chelmsford City Council Overview and Scrutiny Committee

4th November 2024

Call-In Decision: Declaration of John Shennan Field as a Local Nature Reserve

Report by:

Director for Connected Chelmsford

Officer Contact:

Jan Decena, Democratic Services Officer, email: jan.decena@chelmsford.gov.uk, tel: 01245 606480

Purpose:

- For members of Overview and Scrutiny Committee to consider the call-in request of the decision taken by Cabinet on 8th October 2024 regarding the declaration of John Shennan Field as a Local Nature Reserve.

Options

- Members of Overview and Scrutiny Committee to decide whether:
 1. To support the Cabinet decision;
 2. Decide that the decision or part of it was unreasonable, or based on incorrect information or did not take into account information which should have been considered, or faulty in some other way and refer the decision back to the Cabinet for reconsideration.
-

1. Background

- 1.1. The Overview and Scrutiny Committee is responsible for dealing with call in requests of Cabinet decisions. The call-in arrangements are highlighted at 4.5.11 of the Constitution and can be seen at **Appendix 1**.

2. Call-In Decision of Declaration of John Shennan Field as a Local Nature Reserve

- 2.1. Five Members of the Overview and Scrutiny Committee – Councillor Jeapes, Councillor Canning, Councillor Dobson, Councillor Steel, and Councillor Wilson –requested the decision made by Cabinet on 8th October 2024 regarding the declaration of John Shennan Field as a Local Nature Reserve to be called in.

- 2.2. The declaration of John Shennan Field as a Local Nature Reserve would prompt the necessary arrangements for a formal declaration and the site would be registered with National England on the national register of Local National Reserves. The Cabinet report in relation is attached as **Appendix 2**.

- 2.3. A formal written request was received by the Directed of Connected Chelmsford on 10th October 2024 and the rationale for the call-in is set out below:

The rationale for this 'Call In' is the strategic context of the proposal which seeks to change a 'Designated Brown Field Site' (a site favoured for development) into a Nature reserve. Without appropriate reassurances about the impact on Council budgets and other urgent priorities, such as affordable housing.

Prior to this proposal on the 8.10.24. Cabinet was made aware of the significant issues facing Chelmsford City Council and its ability to balance future budgets. (Item 6.1)Much of the increase in spend was attributed to the lack of affordable Housing and the need for the council to subsidise accommodation for the Homeless. There is a gap between Government Grant provision and the increases in rents and demand for housing. This was described as a 'Housing Crisis'. It was made clear that the City Council needed to urgently address this shortfall.

The predictions were of a budget gap of an estimated 4 million in 2025/26 rising to a shortfall of 13.3 million across a five year period.

It was also made clear that the budget situation could result in increased charges and the potential for a reduction in Council services for all residents.

In effect any decision making that impacts on the core issues will have a direct impact on all our residents and how their money is being spent.

Several questions were asked to clarify the position and to establish the considerations that had taken place to support the proposal. (7.1)

Many of these questions were not answered, nor were they part of the options provided.

These were;

- 1. Declare John Shennan Field a Local Nature Reserve and Register with Natural England on the national register of LNR'S*
- 2. Not make such a declaration.*

Given the financial situation and the declared 'Housing Crisis', it is felt other options should be available for consideration particularly as it has much wider implications for all of the Chelmsford City residents.

Democratic Services notified Members of the Council and relevant officers of the call-in on 10th October 2024 and notified the Cabinet Member for a Greener Chelmsford, Councillor Rose Moore, of their requirement to attend.

- 2.4. On 14th October 2024, further detailed questions were received in consideration for the call-in:

Strategic Issues

It was very clearly set out at Cabinet on the 8.10.24. that Chelmsford City Council faces serious financial difficulties. A shortfall of 4million in 25/26 rising to over 13 million in the next five years.

This will inevitably result in increased council taxes and a reduction in the City Councils services for ALL residents.

The need to continue to protect the environment and the questions below are put forward to both continue this aim but also to tackle what is both a social and financial problem for the City Council, as outlined at Cabinet.

- 1. Social impact was sighted as part of the rationale for the change in use. Where is the evidence to support this? Was an impact assessment done and if so, why was it not included in the papers?*
- 2. Why are there no options in the proposal other than designate the area as a Nature Reserve or not? Has the option to build housing and retain some of the land as a nature reserve been considered? If yes, why was this idea rejected?*
- 3. Why is there no option to defer the decision until the budget situation is clearer been included?*

4. It appears from the information available the Southern and Western sections of the site require little to no remediation. Could this be developed for the much needed housing and or temporary accommodation?

5. The site is already protected by being in the ownership of the City Council. At this time with a looming budget crisis why are we restricting the City Councils ability to respond and the options available to them?

6. Has the fact that designation will reduce the land value and it being included in any future need to borrow money been taken into consideration?

7. The agenda item did not include the costs to date of establishing the Nature Reserve, what has been the investment so far?

8. The proposal did not include the ongoing maintenance cost. All costs should include actual and opportunity costs. What are they?

9. Designation will restrict the sites use. Will it preclude other valuable green development such as solar panels?

10. There is a concern the designation could be used as an offset to compensate for other schemes leading to an ultimate loss of green space in Chelmsford as a whole. Would the proposal present the potential for this threat to green space elsewhere? Are Green Field sites at risk by utilising this brown field site.

11. The area of designation includes the car park and play equipment. Will this limit the opportunity for local residents to propose changes or improvements such as new play equipment and or additional facilities?

12. We currently have 3 other local nature reserves within the immediate Chelmsford area. Galleywood Common, Chelmer Valley Riverside and Marconi ponds.

These really tick the Local Nature Reserve boxes, particularly due to their connectivity to significant wildlife corridors as well as distance from sub-urban housing pressures such as pets.

Unfortunately, the proposed site is considerably isolated and pressured in comparison. The site also has underlying issues. The site looks green and has undergone some remediation. However, the site is an old Quarry and Landfill, that was backfilled with material, that to the standards of today many would describe as sub-optimal. Is it the best area for designation? What other areas have been considered?

2.5. The Chair of the Overview and Scrutiny Committee also required the Director for Public Places, Keith Nicholson, and Jeremy Potter, Spatial Planning

Services Manager, to attend the call-in. It was advised further that Paul Van Damme, Parks and Green Spaces Services Manager, would be best suited to attend the call in rather than Jeremy Potter. Officers have provided a supplementary report, attached as **Appendix 3**, to provide the further information requested. Officers will provide further clarification on some financial queries at the meeting.

Councillor Moore has also requested for contributors to support them in the call-in. The two contributors are the Leader of the Council, Councillor Stephen Robinson, and a local resident.

3. Call-In Procedures

3.1. The order of business during the call-in, as highlighted at 4.5.11.10 of the Constitution, are as follows:

- a) The Chair will provide an explanation of the reasons for the call-in;
- b) The Cabinet Member with the responsibility for the matter called-in will provide an explanation of the decision made at the Cabinet;
- c) Contributors/officers called by the Chair to be invited to present further information asked;
- d) Contributors called by the Cabinet Member to be invited to present information to support the decision;
- e) Committee members to ask question to the contributors and officers;
- f) Committee members to ask questions to Cabinet Member;
- g) A general discussion between the Committee members;
- h) Committee members to make the decision.

4. Conclusion

4.1. As per 4.5.11 of the Constitution, the Overview and Scrutiny Committee have the opportunity to decide whether to:

- 4.1.1. support the decision made by the Cabinet;
- 4.1.2. refer the decision back to Cabinet under the following grounds:
 - 4.1.2.1. that it is unreasonable;
 - 4.1.2.2. based on incorrect information or that it did not take into account information that should have been considered;
 - 4.1.2.3. faulty in some other way.

List of appendices:

Appendix 1 – 4.5.11 of the Council Constitution

Appendix 2 – 8th October Cabinet Report – Declaration of John Shennan Field as Local Nature Reserve

Appendix 3 – Supplementary Report

Background papers:

None

Corporate Implications

Legal/Constitutional:

Overview and Scrutiny Committees have statutory powers to scrutinise executive decisions and the Council's arrangements for calling in such decisions is set out in the Council's Constitution. In reaching any decision the Overview and Scrutiny Committee will have regard to the statutory guidance issued in 2019.

Overview and Scrutiny Committee do not have a power to call in decisions made by Full Council. Overview and Scrutiny Committee also do not have jurisdiction to review the decision made by Full Council in 2019 not to include John Shennan Field in the Local Plan nor would the Committee be able to do so in relation to forthcoming decisions yet to be taken by Full Council about the Local Plan. Recommendation made by the Cabinet are also not subject to be called in.

In relation to the scope of some of the questions raised within the report these will be dealt with during the call in process to the extent that is relevant and within the scope of the call in.

Financial:

None

Potential impact on climate change and the environment:

None

Contribution toward achieving a net zero carbon position by 2030:

None

Personnel:

None

Risk Management:

None

Equality and Diversity:

Impact assessment not required

Health and Safety:

None

Digital:

None

Other:

None

Consultees:

As detailed in the report

Relevant Policies and Strategies:

None

EXTRACT FROM CONSTITUTION: 4.5.11, CALL-IN ARRANGEMENTS**4.5.11. CALL-IN ARRANGEMENTS****Procedure for scrutinising executive decisions**

- 4.5.11.1 A summary of any executive decision (i.e. a decision taken by the Cabinet, a Cabinet committee or a Cabinet Member or officer under delegation) shall be notified to all councillors within two days of being taken. An executive decision that constitutes a recommendation to the Council shall not be subject to call in.
- 4.5.11.2 Executive decisions may be called-in by members of the Overview and Scrutiny Committee. The call-in will only be valid if:
- a) it is requested by at least five members of the Overview and Scrutiny Committee;
 - b) the request is in writing or by email and includes the names of all the councillors requesting the call-in;
 - c) the request sets out the reason for the call-in; and
 - d) it is received by the Designated Officer by the expiry of the call-in period, i.e. 5pm on the fourth working day after the decision has been taken.
- 4.5.11.3 No decision may be called-in more than once.
- 4.5.11.4 On being informed of a call-in, the Designated Officer shall notify all members of the Council and relevant officers. No decision that has been called-in, with the exception of an urgent decision, shall be implemented before the Overview and Scrutiny Committee has considered it.
- 4.5.11.5 **Period within which decision must be scrutinised**
Where an executive decision has been called-in, the meeting of the Committee to scrutinise it will be held as soon as practicable after the decision to do so was taken. This will normally be within 15 working days after receipt by the Designated Officer of the request to call it in.
- 4.5.11.6 **Advance notification of arrangements**
In advance of a meeting of the Committee at which an executive decision is due to be scrutinised, the chair of the Committee may:
- a) require from Cabinet Members and/or officers further written information on the decision to be scrutinised;
 - b) invite persons from outside the Council ("contributors") who have a particular knowledge of or expertise in the subject matter of the decision to be scrutinised to attend the meeting. Contributors may be reimbursed for travelling and subsistence costs reasonably incurred by them in attending the meeting;
 - c) require the attendance at the meeting of the Cabinet member with responsibility for the matter to be scrutinised (or another Cabinet Member agreed by the Leader if they are unable to attend) to explain the decision. In the case of an executive decision taken by the Leader, Cabinet, committee or an officer, the Cabinet member with responsibility for the function shall be required to attend, even though they may not have actually taken the decision; and
 - d) require the attendance at the meeting of such officers (or their substitutes if they are unable to attend) as the Chair thinks appropriate to provide information on the decision to be scrutinised.

EXTRACT FROM CONSTITUTION: 4.5.11, CALL-IN ARRANGEMENTS

- 4.5.11.7 The Designated Officer will make the necessary arrangements on behalf of the Chair no later than five days before the meeting.
- 4.5.11.8 The Cabinet member(s) will also have the opportunity to call up to two contributors or officers to present information in support of the decision. The names and, if appropriate, the positions of those persons will be notified to the Designated Officer at least two days before the meeting, who will in turn notify the chair.
- Advance notification of information**
- 4.5.11.9 At least five working days before the meeting of the Committee the Designated Officer will give to the Cabinet Member(s) invited to attend, in writing:
- a) the specified reasons for the call-in;
 - b) the names and, if appropriate, the positions held by any contributors who have been invited by the Chair to attend the meeting in connection with the matter to be scrutinised and the purpose for which they have been invited; and
 - c) the subject matter of any additional written information requested by the chair.
- Call-in procedure at the Overview and Scrutiny Committee meeting**
- 4.5.11.10 Unless the chair decides otherwise, the following order of business (insofar as it is applicable) will generally be observed in the Committee's scrutiny of an executive decision:
- a) an explanation by the chair of the reasons for the call-in;
 - b) an explanation by the Cabinet member with responsibility for the matter called-in of the reasons behind the decision;
 - c) an invitation to contributors called by the Chair to comment on the decision; questions to the chair's contributors by the Cabinet Member(s);
 - d) an invitation to contributors and/or officers called by the Cabinet Member to present information in support of the decision;
 - e) questions to the Cabinet's contributors and/or officers by Committee members;
 - f) questions to the Cabinet Member(s) by the Committee;
 - g) general discussion by the Committee;
 - h) the decision.

EXTRACT FROM CONSTITUTION: 4.5.11, CALL-IN ARRANGEMENTS**Options for decisions**

4.5.11.11

The Committee may:

- a) conclude that it supports the executive decision and does not wish it to be amended (in which case the decision may be implemented immediately);
- b) decide that the decision or part of it was
 - i. unreasonable, or
 - ii. based on incorrect information or did not take into account information which should have been considered, or
 - iii. faulty in some other way,
 and refer the decision to the Cabinet for reconsideration; or
- c) come to the view that the decision is contrary to or not wholly consistent with a budget or a policy agreed by the Council. In coming to any such view the Committee will take into account the advice of the Director of Financial Services and/or the Monitoring Officer, as appropriate.

4.5.11.12

If the Committee conclude that the decision is contrary to a budget or a policy agreed by the Council, it must in the first instance refer the decision to the Cabinet. The Cabinet must decide whether to amend the called-in decision to satisfy the concerns of the Overview and Scrutiny Committee or, if it does not wish to do so, refer the matter to the Full Council. If the latter course is chosen, the Full Council may either confirm or amend the decision.



Chelmsford City Council Cabinet

8 October 2024

Declaration of John Shennan Field as a Local Nature Reserve

Report by:

Cabinet Member for a Greener Chelmsford

Officer Contact:

Paul Van Damme, paul.vandamme@chelmsford.gov.uk 01245 606606

Purpose

To help meet the objectives and targets set in the Climate and Ecological Emergency Action Plan and the Green Infrastructure Plan, it is intended to make a Local Nature Reserve declaration for John Shennan Field.

This report invites Chelmsford City Council to declare John Shennan Field a Local Nature Reserve [LNR] and register the LNR with Natural England.

Options

1. Declare John Shennan Field a Local Nature Reserve and register the LNR with Natural England on the national register of LNR's.
2. Not make such a declaration.

Preferred Option and Reasons

The preferred option is to make the declaration and complete the registration process in pursuit of the City Council's Climate and Ecological Emergency Action Plan and the Green Infrastructure Plan adopted as part of the Local Plan. This also accords with the Our Chelmsford Our Plan priority to implement measures to protect and expand natural green spaces, improve habitat value and increase biodiversity.

Recommendations

That Cabinet support the declaration of John Shennan Field as a Local Nature Reserve and request that this site is listed on the Natural England register of Local Nature Reserves.

1. Background

- 1.1 In accordance with the Climate and Ecological Emergency Action Plan and the Policy for Creating and Managing Species-Rich Grassland, the City Council has prepared and made an application to Natural England to make an LNR declaration for John Shennan Field.
- 1.2 John Shennan Field has been managed and maintained in accordance with an appropriate management plan since 2016 and this plan was approved and validated by Natural England in May 2024 to support this declaration. Appendix 1 shows the defined area for the proposed LNR outlined in red.
- 1.3 The site is 6.5 hectares in area and consists of a patchwork of habitats falling into 2 broad categories; woodland/scrubland habitat and species rich grassland [part fenced off to protect the habitat for ground nesting birds]. Access is available from Gloucester Avenue and Princes Road with hard surfaced access and car parking located near the Gloucester Road entrance. A network of regular mown walkways and informal recreation areas are also provided.
- 1.4 In accordance with the Natural England's validation process, a public consultation was arranged from the 8 July 2024 to the 26 July 2024. The consultation was published using informational signage within JSF at all pedestrian entrances and on the City Council's 'Love Your Chelmsford' website.
- 1.5 In addition, all City Council Councillors, interested bodies such as Essex Wildlife Trust & Essex Bird Watching Association, the adjacent allotment site association and parks volunteers who participated in past volunteering activities, were contacted and consulted.
- 1.6 The reasons for the designation were set out and explained, inviting the public, park visitors and local residents to make their comments via a designated email address.

- 1.7 A total of 27 responses were received and all were all positive and supportive of the proposed LNR designation.
- 1.8 On 22 May 2024, Natural England confirmed that it has been consulted on the City Council's proposal to declare John Shennan Field a nature reserve under the provisions of Sections 19 and 21 of the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 (as amended). The requirements for consultation contained in Section 21(6) of that Act have therefore been met. Natural England's West Anglia Area Team have formally welcomed these proposals on behalf of Natural England. [see Appendix 2].
- 1.9 There are no additional financial implications to this declaration in that the current management and maintenance standards, processes and procedures are already adopted in preparation of the LNR declaration.
- 1.10 Subject to approval by Cabinet to make the proposed declaration, a Mayoral dedication ceremony will be arranged to publicly mark the new status for the area.

[List of appendices:](#)

Appendix 1 – Map of defined area for the proposed John Shennan Field LNR shown outlined in red

Appendix 2 – Letter from Natural England dated 22nd May 2024 inviting the City Council to make a declaration of a Local Nature Reserve

[Corporate Implications:](#)

Legal/Constitutional:

As part of the City Council's Climate and Ecological Action Plan and the Green Infrastructure Plan, approval is sought to make a Local Nature Reserve Declaration for John Shennan Field. This decision falls to Cabinet to determine.

The Council's legal power to establish a nature reserve by way of a declaration is set out in the report. All other legal requirements relating to the making and publication of an LNR will be met should the declaration be approved.

Financial:

There are no additional financial implications to this declaration in that the current management and maintenance standards, processes and procedures are already adopted in preparation of the LNR declaration

Potential impact on climate change and the environment:

The current management and maintenance arrangements and the declaration confirm the positive impact on the local environment and habitats and seek to enhance and preserve these for the future.

Contribution toward achieving a net zero carbon position by 2030:

Declaring John Shennan Field as a Local nature Reserve does not make a direct contribution to achieving a net zero carbon position for the Council's activities and operations, but the site will continue to provide a 'carbon sink' for the local area.

Personnel:

None

Risk Management:

None

Equality and Diversity:

None

Health and Safety:

None

Digital:

None

Other:

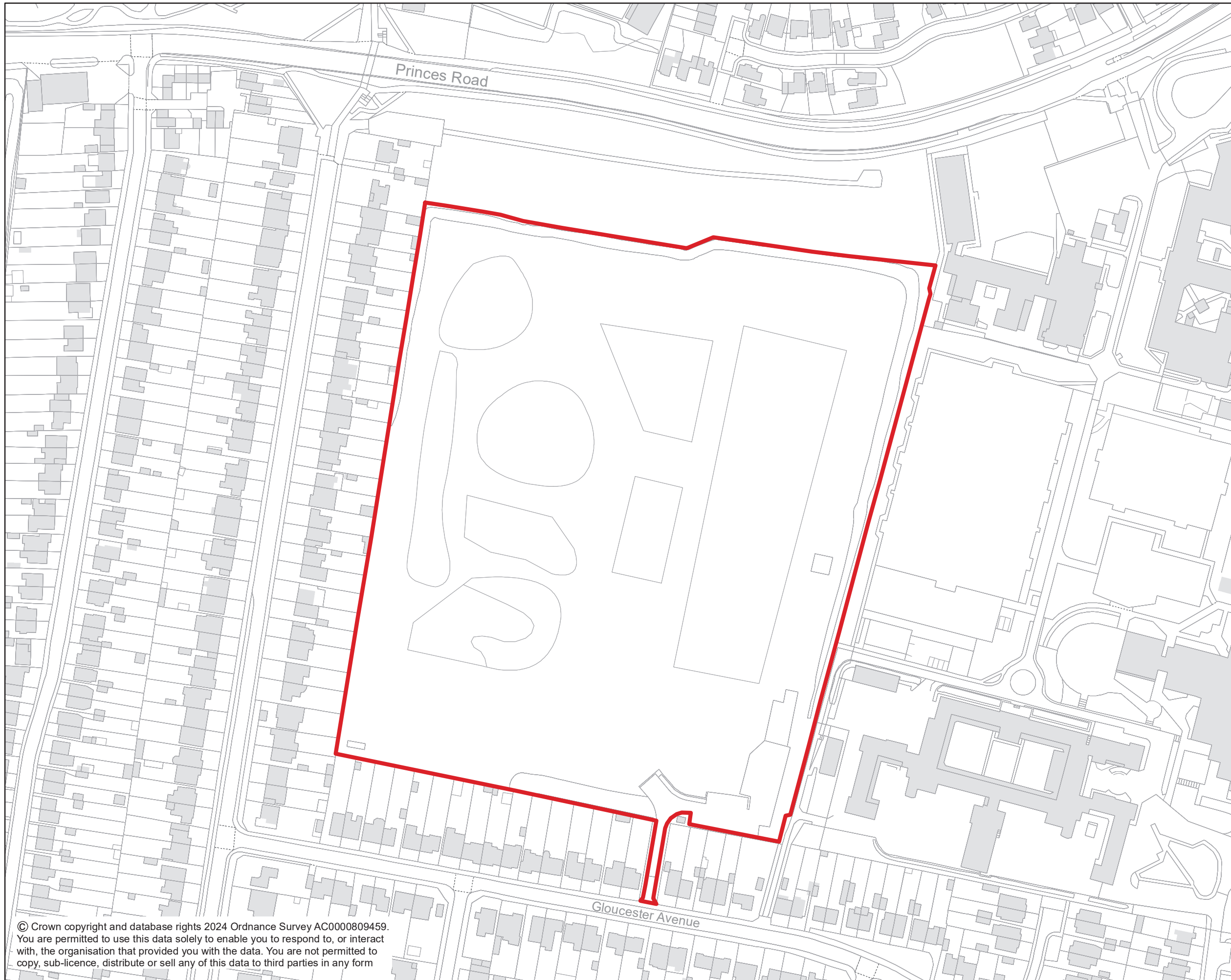
None

Consultees:

Natural England


Relevant Policies and Strategies:

The declaration of a Local Nature Reserve for John Shennan Field is included in the City Council's Climate and Ecological Emergency Action Plan and the Green Infrastructure Plan adopted as part of the Local Plan. The declaration will also contribute to achieving the Our Chelmsford Our Plan priority to implement measures to protect and expand natural green spaces, improve habitat value and increase biodiversity.



John Shennan Field

Proposed Local Nature Reserve

 Area of Draft Local Nature Reserve



0 20 40 80 Metres

Directorate for Sustainable Communities
Civic Centre, Duke Street,
Chelmsford, CM1 1JE
Tel. 01245 606606
Web www.chelmsford.gov.uk



Date: 22nd May 2024

Your ref: John Shennan Field LNR Designation



Lyn McLay Kidd
Senior Parks Officer
Parks and Green Spaces
Chelmsford City Council

West Anglia Area
Team
Eastbrook
Shaftesbury Road
Cambridge
CB2 8DR
Tel:0300 060 3900

Dear Lyn,

PROPOSAL TO DECLARE JOHN SHENNAN FIELD AS A LOCAL NATURE RESERVE

I am writing regarding the proposal to declare John Shennan Field a Local Nature Reserve (LNR) under the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 (as amended).

Natural England's purpose is to conserve and enhance the natural environment for its intrinsic value, the wellbeing and enjoyment of people and the economic prosperity that it brings. John Shennan Field, managed according to the management plan is of value to both local wildlife and the local community. As such, Natural England is delighted to support the declaration of the site as a Local Nature Reserve. Protecting this site and its habitats will allow it to continue to be used and valued by local people for recreation and enjoyment of the natural environment.

Natural England confirms that it has been consulted on your proposal to declare John Shennan Field a nature reserve under the provisions of Sections 19 and 21 of the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 (as amended). The requirements for consultation contained in Section 21(6) of that Act have therefore been met. As a member of the West Anglia Area Team, I would like to formally welcome these proposals on behalf of Natural England.

The next step is for Chelmsford City Council to make the necessary arrangements for the formal declaration of the reserve. This can be limited to the issuing of public notices or can be extended to include an event to celebrate the declaration.

Once the declaration is complete, we will need confirmation of the declaration date, and a copy of the declaration papers and a map showing the exact boundaries of the declared area. The site will also be promoted through Natural England's internet site finder.

If you are unsure about any part of the declaration process, please refer to the guidance booklet from our website (<http://publications.naturalengland.org.uk/publication/31039?category=15005>) or contact me using the details below.

Yours sincerely

Phil Holton
Team Leader West Anglia Area Team (Essex)
Phil.holton@naturalengland.org.uk

Appendix 3

John Shennan Field Public Open Space

Site description

1. The site is 6.5 hectares in area, previously used for landfill of waste, now consisting of a patchwork of habitats mainly woodland / scrubland in combination with species-rich grassland. Part of the site is fenced off to restrict access to protect the habitat for ground nesting birds.
2. Vehicular access is from Gloucester Avenue, where there is limited car parking. There is 'walk-through' access from Princes Road. A network of grass walkways exist around the site, together with some more closely mown informal recreation areas. There is an equipped play area and basketball hoop. There are no other services on site.
3. Data from Place Informatics [specialists in GPS-based footfall analysis] suggest that the monthly footfall on and across the site is between 13,826 and 16,112 visitors, indicating that this is frequently visited and well-used natural green space. Generally, it serves the local community rather than a wider catchment area.

Site history

4. The site was purchased by the then Chelmsford District Council in 1954. It was used as a municipal refuse tip until around 1960, which at the time was unregulated [that is landfill types were unrecorded].
5. Whilst being used as a refuse tip, the landholding was held by the Council's Public Health Committee, but following its closure was transferred on 31 March 1966 to the jurisdiction of the Parks Committee for the 'provision of playing fields'.
6. Consequently, the site was adopted as 'public open space' and set out by the Council as a sports and recreation area with the provision of football pitches, small changing pavilion, play area and car park and was named John Shennan Playing Field.
7. However, the area proved unusable as a formal sports area due to land settlement and methane gas seepage from the landfill deposits. Settlement occurs over approximately 85% of the site mostly located in the central part, where the more substantial landfill took place.
8. Since then, the site has been subject to further remediation works to try to address ground settlement and extensive tree and whip planting has been undertaken to stabilise soil conditions. Minor ground settlement continues which periodically requires some mitigation with imported topsoil. A more 'naturalistic' approach to the management and maintenance of the site has been in place for almost 30 years

restoring the landfill, establishing woodland areas and creating a variety of habitats. There is an active 'parks volunteer group' at the site.

9. Methane gas emissions were monitored up to 10 November 2010, when it was confirmed that methane gas emissions had largely ceased [or reached acceptable levels] so that monitoring was no longer required.
10. The site has remained in continued use for informal recreation and is an important green space, serving an area where there is a significant shortfall in public open space provision. Other informal recreation facilities such as the half-basketball court, youth shelter and expanded play area were added during the late 1990s / early 2000s. These facilities are located around the perimeter headland of the former waste tip.

Policy context

11. John Shennan Field is designated as public open space in the adopted [2020] Local Plan.
12. As part of the preparation of the Local Plan, the previous political administration promoted the site to be allocated as a Strategic Growth Site for housing.
13. This proposal was subsequently withdrawn by the Council and was removed from the Local Plan at the Examination stage in 2019. The Inspector agreed that this change be treated as a 'main modification' to the Local Plan and the housing allocation was removed. John Shennan Field, therefore, remains designated as public open space. There are no proposals to change this designation in the Local Plan review, currently in the final consultation stage prior to submission for examination in 2025.
14. The Local Plan is informed by a comprehensive evidence base including an independently commissioned Open Space, Sports and Recreational Facilities Study. A key part of this study is a public open space assessment which examines local need for a wide range of different types of open space and compares these to the level of existing provision. This informs local plan policies, the overall spatial strategy and specific site allocations.
15. The open space assessment that supported the adopted Local Plan reveals that Moulsham Lodge is one the areas of Chelmsford where there is significant shortfall of public open space, natural and semi-natural open space. A new open space assessment has just been completed which will support the Local Plan review currently underway. This updated assessment confirms a significant shortfall of public open space in the area and the Local Plan review will seek to continue to protect John Shennan Field as green space.
16. The Council adopted a Public Open Spaces Policy on 25 January 2022. Public open space is generally considered to be land of public value and can take many forms such as parks and communal green spaces, sports pitches and recreational areas,

common land, woodlands, nature reserves, green corridors, country parks, play areas, residential open spaces, verges, and allotments.

17. The Policy recognises that access to an inter-connected network of high quality, well maintained and safe spaces, providing opportunities to take part in sport, recreation, and physical activity and to experience nature and the benefits of green spaces, is important for the physical and mental health and well-being of communities.
18. The key principle driving the Public Open Space Policy is that the City Council will not dispose of land designated as public open space for any other purpose. The Policy also sets out the approach for the acquisition of land for public open space purposes, the adoption of land as public open space, arrangements for the transfer of public open space and the limited circumstances and conditions that may allow the disposal of public open space.
19. On 16 July 2019, recognising the increasingly detrimental impact locally from changes in climate and extreme weather events, Chelmsford City Council declared a Climate and Ecological Emergency requiring that urgent action be taken to make the Council's activities and operations net-zero carbon by 2030. A Climate and Ecological Emergency Action Plan was then agreed focusing on:
 - Fundamentally changing policies and the Council's approach toward reducing carbon emissions, lowering energy consumption and reducing waste and pollution, thereby helping to create a more sustainable future for Chelmsford and the surrounding areas
 - Improving the habitat value of green spaces and promoting greater biodiversity across the area, creating bigger, better connected and sensitively managed habitats and natural spaces
 - Promoting projects and activities that enhance the habitat, ecological and biodiversity value of river corridors
 - Creating new, easily accessible natural green spaces to serve increased demand generated by housing growth and to ensure 'biodiversity net gain' for all new developments
20. 'Our Chelmsford, Our Plan', the latest version agreed at Council on 6 December 2023 is geared towards helping to create a 'safer, greener, fairer and more-connected place, a vibrant and appealing place where people want to live, work, study and visit.
21. An underlying principle of the Plan is to promote sustainable and environmentally responsible growth, creating a distinctive sense of place with a priority to protect, expand and improve the quality, accessibility and attractiveness of green areas, natural spaces, rivers and waterways; to improve habitat value and increase biodiversity.

22. One of the strategic actions included in Our Chelmsford Our Plan is to develop policies and implement measures to protect and expand natural habitats and increase biodiversity and, more specifically, to identify sites with underlying habitat potential and adjust management practices with a view to declaring [sites] as local nature reserves.
23. The Environment Act 2021 imposes a 'biodiversity duty' on all public authorities to 'conserve and enhance biodiversity in England'. This means that the City Council must:
 - Consider what can be done to conserve and enhance biodiversity
 - Agree policies and specific objectives based on this consideration
 - Act to deliver these policies and achieve the objectives set
24. The provisions of the Act require that the City Council report on the policies adopted, and the actions taken to fulfil its biodiversity duty no later than 1 January 2026.
25. The broader social, economic and environmental value of parks and green spaces is now widely recognised and extensively evidenced – summarised in the publication in 2019 of 'Space to Thrive' which comprehensively reviews the evidence base identifying the various benefits of parks and green spaces to individuals, communities and to society generally.
26. The City Council's Parks, Green Spaces and Waterways Strategy, implemented in 2022, exemplifies these values; highlighting parks and green spaces as a core community asset, access to which is now considered to be a 'fundamental human right'. Physical health, mental wellbeing and life satisfaction are all enhanced through access to and the use of parks, green spaces and waterways. These social, environmental and economic benefits drive the Council's policies for the protection, creation, and the approach to the effective management, of a network of high-quality green spaces.

Declaration of local nature reserves

27. The process for declaring a local nature reserve is set out by the Government and is overseen by Natural England. All principal local authorities have the power to create local nature reserves. Town and parish councils also can create local nature reserves if the district council has given them the power to do this. Local authorities select and designate local nature reserves under the provisions of Section 21 of the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 (as amended).
28. The local authority must control the land proposed for declaration as a local nature reserve, either through ownership, a lease or an agreement with the owner. It isn't a requirement that the is open to the public but at least part of the site should be accessible for any visitors.

29. Five areas have already been declared as local nature reserves – Galleywood Common, Chelmer Valley, Admirals Park, Marconi Ponds and Frankland Fields in South Woodham Ferrers.
30. As set out in the report to Cabinet on 8th October 2024 the declaration of John Shennan Field as a Local Nature Reserve followed the prescribed process.
31. The site has been managed and maintained in accordance with the current management plan since 2016. This plan was updated and was approved and validated by Natural England in May 2024 to support the declaration of local nature reserve status.
32. On 22 May 2024, Natural England confirmed that it has been consulted on the proposal to declare John Shennan Field a nature reserve under the provisions of Sections 19 and 21 of the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 (as amended). The requirements for consultation contained in Section 21(6) of that Act having been met. Natural England's West Anglia Area Team have formally welcomed these proposals on behalf of Natural England.
33. The proposal to declare a local nature reserve at John Shennan Field was subject to public consultation from the 8 July 2024 to the 26 July 2024. The reasons for the designation were set out and explained, inviting the public, park visitors, local residents and other interested parties to make their comments via a designated email address.
34. All City Council Councillors, interested bodies such as Essex Wildlife Trust & Essex Bird Watching Association, the adjacent allotment site association and parks volunteers who participated in past volunteering activities, were also contacted and consulted.
35. A total of 27 responses were received and all were all positive and supportive of the proposed local nature reserve designation. Four councillors commented positively on the proposed designation reflecting local interest in the proposal.
36. As indicated in the report to Cabinet on 8 October 2024 'there are no additional financial implications to this declaration in that the current management and maintenance standards, processes and procedures are already adopted in preparation of the LNR declaration'. i.e. the costs of inspection, maintenance and management of the land is already included in the Council's base budget.
37. Providing informal recreational opportunities on site – such as the existing equipped play area and half-basketball court – are entirely complementary to the areas status as a local nature reserve. Both the equipped play area and the basketball court are scheduled for further improvement works to enhance their appeal.



Chelmsford City Council Overview & Scrutiny Committee

4th November 2024

Work Programme

Report by:

Director of Connected Chelmsford

Officer Contact:

Jan Decena, Democratic Services Officer, email: jan.decena@chelmsford.gov.uk, tel: 01245 606260.

Purpose

The purpose of this report is to invite Members' comments on the Committee's work programme which has been updated since the Committee last met on 14 October 2024.

Recommendations

Members are invited to comment on the Committee's work programme, attached as Appendix 1 to this report and make any necessary amendments to it.

1. Background

- 1.1. The Committee's work programme has been updated following the meeting held on 14 October 2024 and is attached at Appendix 1.
- 1.2. Any changes to the programme since the last meeting are indicated by an asterisk and bold text in Appendix 1.

1.3. The meeting scheduled for 14th April 2025 has been moved to 10th March 2025, Councillors were notified of this on 24th October 2024.

1.4. As agreed at the October meeting, an item on a Review of Parking Provision will be considered at the 18th November meeting.

2. Conclusion

2.1. Member's comments are invited on the work programme.

List of appendices:

Appendix 1 – Work Programme

Background papers:

None

Corporate Implications

Legal/Constitutional: None

Financial: None

Potential impact on climate change and the environment: None

Contribution toward achieving a net zero carbon position by 2030: None

Personnel: None

Risk Management: None

Equality and Diversity: None

(For new or revised policies or procedures has an equalities impact assessment been carried out? If not, explain why)

Health and Safety: None

Digital: None

Other: None

Consultees:

Chair and Vice Chair of the Overview and Scrutiny Committee

Relevant Policies and Strategies:

Not applicable

APPENDIX 1

OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE**Work Programme**

** Any changes to the programme since the last meeting are indicated by an asterisk and bold text.*

<u>Subject</u>	<u>Author</u>
Future items to be scheduled	
*Climate Emergency Declaration and Net Zero initiatives Inform and Debate	Keith Nicholson Director of Public Places
18 November 2024	
Performance Review Items	
Cabinet Portfolio Updates	Leader of the Council Deputy Leader and Cabinet Member for a Fairer Chelmsford
Cabinet Member for a Greener Chelmsford's Annual Report on Housing Delivery	Jeremy Potter Spatial Planning Services Manager
*Review of Parking Provision	Michael Adewole Parking and Highways Operations Manager
Standing Items	
Report on Decisions Taken Under Delegation to the Chief Executive	Jan Decena Democratic Services Officer
Annual Report of the Committee	Jan Decena Democratic Services Officer

10 February 2025	
Performance Review Items	
Cabinet Portfolio Updates	Cabinet Member for a Safer Chelmsford *Cabinet Member for an Active Chelmsford
Annual Presentation by Safer Chelmsford Partnership and Essex Police	Spencer Clarke Public Protection Manager Chief Inspector Paul Ballard Essex Police
*10 March 2025	
Performance Review Items	
Cabinet Portfolio Updates	Cabinet Member for a Greener Chelmsford Cabinet Member for Finance
*Theatre Inform and Debate (including review from Theatre Director)	Marc De'ath Chelmsford City Culture Services Manager
Reports from Representatives on Outside Bodies	Jan Decena Democratic Services Officer
2 June 2025	
Performance Review Items	
Cabinet Portfolio Update	Leader of the Council
Standing Items	
Report on Decisions Taken Under Delegation to the Chief Executive	Jan Decena Democratic Services Officer

Annual Report of the Committee	Jan Decena Democratic Services Officer
15 September 2025	
Performance Review Items	
Cabinet Portfolio Update	Cabinet Member for an Active Chelmsford
Update/Review of “Our Chelmsford, Our Plan”	Nick Eveleigh Chief Executive
17 November 2025	
Performance Review Items	
Cabinet Portfolio Update	Deputy Leader and Cabinet member for a Fairer Chelmsford
Cabinet Member for a Greener Chelmsford’s Annual Report on Housing Delivery	Jeremy Potter Spatial Planning Services Manager
*Use of Project Management Toolkit	Louise Goodwin Director of Connected Chelmsford
Standing Items	
Report on Decisions Taken Under Delegation to the Chief Executive	Jan Decena Democratic Services Officer
9 February 2026	
Performance Review Items	
Cabinet Portfolio Update	Cabinet member for a Safer Chelmsford
Annual Presentation by Safer Chelmsford Partnership and Essex Police	Spencer Clarke Public Protection Manager

	Chief Inspector Paul Ballard Essex Police
13 April 2026	
Performance Review Items	
Cabinet Portfolio Updates	Cabinet Member for Finance Cabinet Member for a Greener Chelmsford
Standing Items	
Updates from representatives on Outside Bodies	Jan Decena Democratic Services Officer