

# LITTLE BADDOW PARISH

TOTAL POPULATION:	1586
TOTAL HOUSEHOLDS:	627
AVERAGE HOUSEHOLD SIZE:	2.53
AREA:	1116 hectares (4 sq miles)
AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY:	1.42 people/hectare (397 people/sq mile)



Little Baddow is an attractive rural Essex village which lies between Danbury to the south and Hatfield Peverel to the north. The village is a haven for walkers and is well-known for its bluebell woods. Its northern boundary is the Chelmer and Blackwater Canal, an area recognised for its natural beauty with boating, fishing, walking and other leisure facilities. It has a lively community, a village hall with theatre stage, a sports ground and clubhouse, and is quite unique in having a dedicated History Centre to house the village records. The village has an active church community and has one of the oldest non-conformist chapels built in Essex.

## POPULATION

### Population age structure

0-4	65	4.10%
5-7	45	2.84%
8-9	45	2.84%
10-15	132	8.32%
16-17	47	2.96%
18-24	70	4.41%
25-44	261	16.46%
45-64	523	32.98%
65-74	227	14.31%
75-84	143	9.02%
85+	28	1.77%



### Ethnicity

White	1523	96.60%
Mixed	13	0.82%
Asian or Asian British	8	0.50%
Black or Black British	3	0.19%
Other ethnic group	30	1.89%

### Religion

Christian	1126	71.00%
Buddhist	1	0.06%
Hindu	1	0.06%
Jewish	1	0.06%
Muslim	29	1.83%
Sikh	0	0.00%
Other	3	0.19%
No religion	331	20.87%
Religion not stated	94	5.93%

### Country of birth

England	1448	91.30%
Scotland	26	1.64%
Wales	15	0.95%
Northern Ireland	4	0.25%
Ireland	13	0.82%
Other EU Countries	81.1	5.11%
Born Elsewhere	63	3.97%

### Health

General health 'good'	864	54.48%
General health 'very good'	519	32.73%
General health 'fair'	159	10.03%
General health 'bad'	36	2.27%
General health 'very bad'	8	0.50%
Long term health problem or Disability	212	13.37%
Providing unpaid care	214	13.49%

# HOUSING AND HOUSEHOLDS

## Household Composition

Total households		627	
One person		178	28.39%
Married Couple:	no children	133	21.21%
Married couple:	dependent children	125	19.94%
Married couple:	non dependent children	59	9.41%
Co-habiting couple:	no children	17	2.71%
Co-habiting couple:	dependent children	17	2.71%
Co-habiting couple:	non dependent children	1	0.16%
Lone parent:	dependent children	22	3.51%
Lone parent:	non dependent children	16	2.55%
All pensioner household over 65		1	0.16%

## Amenities

With central heating	617	98.41%
Without central heating	10	1.59%

## Cars and Vans

Households with no car or van	31	4.94%
Households with one car or van	163	26.00%
Households with two cars or vans	280	44.66%
Households with three cars or vans	102	16.27%
Households with four or more cars or vans	51	8.13%
All cars and vans in the area	1267	

## Tenure

Owner occupied	543	86.60%
Shared ownership	2	0.32%
Social rented	32	5.10%
Private rented	41	6.54%
Living rent free	9	1.44%

## Household Spaces and Accommodation Type

Detached	476	75.92%
Semi detached	113	18.02%
Terraced	27	4.31%
Flat or maisonette	7	1.12%
Caravan, mobile or temporary structure	4	0.64%
Vacant	2.34	0.37%



# ECONOMY AND WORKFORCE

## Population 16 - 74

All people 16 - 74	1128	
Males 16 - 74	536	47.52%
Females 16 - 74	592	52.48%

## Economic Activity - Males

Males economically active	395	73.69%
In employment	267	49.81%
- Part time	26	4.85%
- Full time	241	44.96%
- Self employed	109	20.34%
Unemployed	12	2.24%
Full time student	7	1.31%

## Economically Inactive - Males

Retired	101	18.84%
Student	21	3.92%
Looking after home/family	5	0.93%
Permanently sick/disabled	3	0.56%
Other	11	2.05%

## Males Unemployed

Age 16 - 24	4	0.75%
Age 50+	0.6	0.75%
Never worked	4	0.75%
Long term unemployed	4	0.75%

## Economic Activity - Females

Females economically active	327	55.24%
In employment	301	50.84%
- Part time	114	19.26%
- Full time	129	21.79%
- Self employed	58	9.80%
Unemployed	14	2.36%
Full time student	12	2.03%

## Economically Inactive - Females

Retired	141	23.82%
Student	30	5.07%
Looking after home/family	71	11.99%
Permanently sick/disabled	11	1.86%
Other	12	2.03%

## Females Unemployed

Age 16 - 24	1	0.17%
Age 50+	5	0.84%
Never worked	0	0.00%
Long term unemployed	5	0.84%



# ECONOMY AND WORKFORCE

## Industry of working population

All people	694	
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	8	1.15%
Mining and Quarrying	0	0.00%
Manufacturing	46	6.63%
Electricity, Gas and Water Supply	3	0.43%
Construction	66	9.51%
Wholesale and Retail Trade, Repair of Motor Vehicles	100	14.41%
Transport and Storage	30	4.32%
Accommodation and Food Activities	21	3.03%
Information and Communication	28	4.03%
Financial and Insurance Activities	77	11.10%
Real Estate Activities	16	2.31%
Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities	71	10.23%
Administration and Support Services Activities	34	4.90%
Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security	44	6.34%
Education	59	8.50%
Human Health and Social Work Activities	59	8.50%
Other	32	4.61%

## Travel to work patterns

Main part of journey to work by:		
Car or van (incl. as passenger)	471	65.78%
Rail	93	12.99%
Bus	13	1.82%
Motor cycle	10	1.40%
Bicycle	7	0.98%
Taxi	0	0.00%
Walking	15	2.09%
Other	0	0.00%
Works from home	107	14.94%

## Qualifications of population age 16 and over

All people 16 and over	1299	
No qualifications	195	15.01%
Highest qualification attained at level 1	161	12.39%
Highest qualification attained at level 2	251	19.32%
Highest qualification attained at level 3	116	8.93%
Highest qualification attained at level 4/5	480	36.95%
Apprenticeships	58	4.46%
Other qualifications	38	2.93%

# GLOSSARY AND DEFINITIONS

## Further Information

Further statistical information about this parish can be obtained from the Office for National Statistics website. Log on to [www.neighbourhoodstatistics.gov.uk](http://www.neighbourhoodstatistics.gov.uk)

This profile draws on information from the 2011 Census. The source of the data is the Office for National Statistics. Full definitions are provided within [www.neighbourhoodstatistics.gov.uk](http://www.neighbourhoodstatistics.gov.uk)

### 2011 population

A resident was defined as someone who spent most of their time at a specific address. It included: people who usually lived at that address but were temporarily away (on holiday, visiting friends or relatives, or temporarily in a hospital or similar establishment); people who worked away from home for part of the time; students, if it was their term-time address; a baby born before 30 April 2011 even if it was still in hospital; and people present on Census Day, even if temporarily, who had no other usual address.

### Accommodation type

Accommodation type describes the type of accommodation occupied by an individual household, or if unoccupied, available for an individual household, for example the whole of a terraced house or a flat in a purpose built block of flats.

### Age

Age is derived from the date of birth question and is the age at a person's last birthday.

### Cars or vans

The number of cars or vans owned, or available for use, by one or more members of a household. It included company cars and vans available for private use. The count of cars or vans in an area is based on details for private households only.

### Dwelling

A household's accommodation (a household space) is defined as being in a shared dwelling if it has accommodation type 'part of a converted or shared house', not all the rooms (including bathroom and toilet, if any) are behind a door that only that household can use and there is at least one other such household space at the same address with which it can be combined to form the shared dwelling. If any of these conditions is not met, the household space forms an unshared dwelling. Therefore a dwelling can consist of one household space (an unshared dwelling) or two or more household spaces (a shared dwelling).

### Economically active

All people who were working in the week before the Census are described as economically active. In addition, the category includes people who were not working but were looking for work and were available to start work within two weeks.

### Economically inactive

Specific categories of Economic Inactivity are: Retired, Student (excludes those students who were working or in some other way were economically active). A person who is looking for work but is not available to start work within two weeks is counted as Economically Inactive.

### Employee

The distinction between employee and self-employed is determined by the response to the question 'Do (did) you work as an employee or are (were) you self-employed?'. It relates to the person's main job in the week before the Census or, if not working in the week before the Census, their last Main job.

### Ethnic group

The ethnic group question records each person's ethnic group as perceived by the individual themselves.

### Full-time student

A full-time student is a person of any age who has indicated that they are a schoolchild or student in fulltime education.

### Full-time working

Working full-time is defined as working 31 hours or more a week.

### Household space

A household space is the accommodation occupied by an individual household or, if unoccupied, available for an individual household.

### Industry

The industry in which a person works is determined by the response to the question asking for a description of the business of the person's employer (or own business if self-employed).

### In employment

Any person who carried out paid work in the week before the Census, whether self-employed or an employee, is described as employed or in employment.

# GLOSSARY AND DEFINITIONS

## Long term health problem or disability

A self assessment of whether or not a person has a limiting long-term illness, health problem or disability which limits their daily activities or the work they can do, including problems relating to old age.

## Long-term unemployed

A person is described as long-term unemployed if they have not worked since 2009 or earlier.

## Occupation

A person's occupation is coded from the responses to the questions asking for the full title of the main job and the description of what is done in that job.

## Owned

This includes accommodation that is either owned outright or owned with a mortgage or loan.

## Part-time working

Working part-time is defined as working 30 hours or less a week.

## Permanently sick / disabled

This is a sub-category of 'economically inactive'. There is no direct connection with long term health problem or disability.

## Pensioner

This term is used to describe someone of pensionable age i.e. 65 and over for males and 60 and over for females.

## Population density

Number of people per hectare.

## Private rented

Accommodation that is rented from a private landlord or letting agency, employer, household member or other non-social rented.

## Qualifications

The term 'no qualifications' describes people without any academic, vocational or professional qualification. The term 'lower level' qualification is used to describe qualifications equivalent to level 1 to 3 of the National Key Learning Targets (ie GCSE's, O levels, A levels, NVQ levels 1-3). The term 'higher level' refers to qualifications of levels 4 and above (ie first degrees, higher degrees, NVQ levels 4 and 5, HND, HNC and certain professional qualifications).

## Self-employed

The distinction between employee and self-employed is determined by the response to the question 'Do (did) you work as an employee or are (were) you self employed?' It relates to the person's Main job in the week before Census or, if not working in the week before Census, their last Main job.

## Shared ownership

Through shared ownership (part owned and part rented).

## Social rented

Accommodation that is rented from a Local Authority or a Housing Association, Housing Co-operative, Charitable Trust or Registered Social Landlord.

## Tenure

The tenure of a household is derived from the response to the question asking whether the household owns or rents its accommodation and if, rented, from the response to the question asking who is the landlord.

## Unemployed

A person is defined as unemployed if he or she is not in employment, is available to start work in the next two weeks and has either looked for work in the last four weeks or is waiting to start a new job.

## Working age population

Working age includes males aged 16-64 and females aged 16-64. Source: ONS mid-year population estimates

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This profile has been produced by:  
Inward Investment, Economy & Growth Team  
Chelmsford City Council  
Sustainable Communities  
Civic Centre  
Duke Street  
Chelmsford  
CM1 1JE.

Tel: 01245 606568

Email: [economy@chelmsford.gov.uk](mailto:economy@chelmsford.gov.uk)

Twitter: @ChelmsBusiness

Published by Chelmsford City Council