# **GREAT WALTHAM PARISH**

TOTAL POPULATION: 2172
TOTAL HOUSEHOLDS: 918
AVERAGE HOUSEHOLD SIZE: 2.37

AREA:

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY:

2504 hectares (10 sq miles) 0.87 people/hectare

(217 people/sq mile)



The parish of Great Waltham consists of two villages - Great Waltham (also known as Church End) and Ford End, and four hamlets-Howe Street, Littley Green, North End, and Broads Green. The parish is approximately 5km north to south, 3km west to east and at its most southerly is 7km from Chelmsford. The major activity is agriculture although it employs very few people these days. The majority of local workers commute up to 40 miles away including to London. The M11, the A12, the A130, the A131, the A120, and Stanstead Airport are not far away. The community has two village halls, two churches, and a range of local pubs.

# **POPULATION**

## Population age structure

0-4	98	4.51%
5-7	84	3.87%
8-9	39	1.80%
10-15	174	8.01%
16-17	38	1.75%
18-24	120	5.52%
25-44	449	20.68%
45-64	732	33.70%
65-74	254	11.69%
75-84	124	5.71%
85+	60	2.76%



## Ethnicity

White	2128	97.97%
Mixed	20	0.92%
Asian or Asian British	18	0.83%
Black or Black British	3	0.14%
Other ethnic group	3	0.14%

## Religion

Christian	1449	66.71%
Buddhist	6	0.28%
Hindu	3	0.14%
Jewish	3	0.14%
Muslim	5	0.23%
Sikh	0	0.00%
Other	13	0.60%
No religion	546	25.14%
Religion not stated	147	6.77%

## Country of birth

England	2031	93.55%
Scotland	24	1.10%
Wales	9	0.41%
Northern Ireland	7	0.32%
Ireland	13	0.60%
Other EU Countries	23	1.06%
Born Elsewhere	65	2.99%

### Health

General health 'good'	1084	49.91%
General health 'very good'	742	34.16%
General health 'fair'	263	12.11%
General health 'bad'	69	3.18%
General health 'very bad'	14	0.64%
Long term health problem or Disability	326	15.01%
Providing unpaid care	300	13.81%



# HOUSING AND HOUSEHOLDS

# **Household Composition**

Total households		918	
One person		222	24.18%
Married Couple:	no children	148	16.12%
Married couple:	dependent children	205	22.33%
Married couple:	non dependent children	79	8.61%
Co-habiting couple:	no children	31	3.38%
Co-habiting couple:	dependent children	26	2.83%
Co-habiting couple:	non dependent children	90	0.98%
Lone parent:	dependent children	36	3.92%
Lone parent:	non dependent children	31	3.38%
All pensioner housel	nold over 65	3	0.33%

## **Amenities**

With central heating	838	92.39%
Without central heating	24	2.65%

## Cars and Vans

Households with no car or van	88	4.05%
Households with one car or van	287	13.21%
Households with two cars or vans	365	16.80%
Households with three cars or vans	124	5.71%
Households with four or more cars or vans	43	1.98%
All cars and vans in the area	1587	

## Tenure

Owner occupied	676	74.53%
Shared ownership	3	0.33%
Social rented	127	14.00%
Private rented	80	8.82%
Living rent free	21	2.32%

# Household Spaces and Accommodation Type

Detached	374	41.23%
Semi detached	333	36.71%
Terraced	141	15.55%
Flat or maisonette	100	11.03%
Caravan, mobile or temporary structure	9	0.99%
Vacant	11	1.21%





# **ECONOMY AND WORKFORCE**

# Population 16 - 74

All people 16 - 74	1593	
Males 16 - 74	798	50.09%
Females 16 - 74	795	49.91%

# Economic Activity - Males

Males economically active	622	77.94%
In employment	586	73.43%
- Part time	45	5.64%
- Full time	373	46.74%
- Self employed	168	21.05%
Unemployed	25	3.13%
Full time student	11	1.38%

# Economically Inactive - Males

Retired	120	15.04%
Student	18	2.26%
Looking after home/family	3	0.38%
Permanently sick/disabled	20	2.51%
Other	15	1.88%

# Males Unemployed

Age 16 - 24	8	1.00%
Age 50+	11	1.38%
Never worked	3	0.38%
Long term unemployed	14	1.75%

# **Economic Activity - Females**

Females economically active	514	64.65%
In employment	479	60.25%
- Part time	208	26.16%
- Full time	201	25.28%
- Self employed	70	8.81%
Unemployed	20	2.52%
Full time student	15	1.89%

## **Economically Inactive - Females**

Retired	161	20.25%
Student	26	3.27%
Looking after home/family	60	7.55%
Permanently sick/disabled	17	2.14%
Other	17	2.14%

# Females Unemployed

Age 16 - 24	3	0.38%
Age 50+	6	0.75%
Never worked	1	0.13%
Long term unemployed	12	1.51%





# **ECONOMY AND WORKFORCE**

# Industry of working population

All people	1087	
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	33	3.04%
Mining and Quarrying	0	0.00%
Manufacturing	77	7.08%
Electricity, Gas and Water Supply	8	0.74%
Construction	124	11.41%
Wholesale and Retail Trade, Repair of Motor Vehicles	130	11.96%
Transport and Storage	61	5.61%
Accommodation and Food Activities	49	4.51%
Information and Communication	27	2.48%
Financial and Insurance Activities	78	7.18%
Real Estate Activities	22	2.02%
Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities	82	7.54%
Administration and Support Services Activities	47	4.32%
Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security	66	6.07%
Education	113	10.40%
Human Health and Social Work Activities	130	11.96%
Other	40	3.68%

## Travel to work patterns

Main part of journey to work by:		
Car or van (incl. as passenger)	755	47.39%
Rail	107	6.72%
Bus	27	1.69%
Motor cycle	10	0.63%
Bicycle	12	0.75%
Taxi	3	0.19%
Walking	51	3.20%
Other	4	0.25%
Works from home	118	7.41%

## Qualifications of population age 16 and over

All people 16 and over	1777	
No qualifications	368	20.71%
Highest qualification attained at level 1	236	13.28%
Highest qualification attained at level 2	272	15.31%
Highest qualification attained at level 3	199	11.20%
Highest qualification attained at level 4/5	579	32.58%
Apprenticeships	64	3.60%
Other qualifications	59	3.32%



# **GLOSSARY AND DEFINITIONS**

## **Further Information**

Further statistical information about this parish can be obtained from the Office for National Statistics website. Log on to www.neighbourhoodstatistics.gov.uk

This profile draws on information from the 2011 Census. The source of the data is the Office for National Statistics. Full definitions are provided within www.neighbourhoodstatistics.gov.uk

#### 2011 population

A resident was defined as someone who spent most of their time at a specific address. It included: people who usually lived at that address but were temporarily away (on holiday, visiting friends or relatives, or temporarily in a hospital or similar establishment); people who worked away from home for part of the time; students, if it was their term-time address; a baby born before 30 April 2011 even if it was still in hospital; and people present on Census Day, even if temporarily, who had no other usual address.

## Accommodation type

Accommodation type describes the type of accommodation occupied by an individual household, or if unoccupied, available for an individual household, for example the whole of a terraced house or a flat in a purpose built block of flats.

#### Age

Age is derived from the date of birth question and is the age at a person's last birthday.

## Cars or vans

The number of cars or vans owned, or available for use, by one or more members of a household. It included company cars and vans available for private use. The count of cars or vans in an area is based on details for private households only.

## Dwelling

A household's accommodation (a household space) is defined as being in a shared dwelling if it has accommodation type 'part of a converted or shared house', not all the rooms (including bathroom and toilet, if any) are behind a door that only that household can use and there is at least one other such household space at the same address with which it can be combined to form the shared dwelling. If any of these conditions is not met, the household space forms an unshared dwelling. Therefore a dwelling can consist of one household space (an unshared dwelling) or two or more household spaces (a shared dwelling).

#### Economically active

All people who were working in the week before the Census are described as economically active. In addition, the category includes people who were not working but were looking for work and were available to start work within two weeks.

### Economically inactive

Specific categories of Economic Inactivity are: Retired, Student (excludes those students who were working or in some other way were economically active). A person who is looking for work but is not available to start work within two weeks is counted as Economically Inactive.

#### **Employee**

The distinction between employee and self-employed is determined by the response to the question 'Do (did) you work as an employee or are (were) you self-employed?'. It relates to the person's main job in the week before the Census or, if not working in the week before the Census, their last Main job.

#### Ethnic group

The ethnic group question records each person's ethnic group as perceived by the individual themselves.

#### Full-time student

A full-time student is a person of any age who has indicated that they are a schoolchild or student in fulltime education.

#### Full-time working

Working full-time is defined as working 31 hours or more a week.

#### Household space

A household space is the accommodation occupied by an individual household or, if unoccupied, available for an individual household.

#### Industry

The industry in which a person works is determined by the response to the question asking for a description of the business of the person's employer (or own business if self-employed).

### In employment

Any person who carried out paid work in the week before the Census, whether self-employed or an employee, is described as employed or in employment.



# **GLOSSARY AND DEFINITIONS**

Long term health problem or disability

A self assessment of whether or not a person has a limiting long-term illness, health problem or disability which limits their daily activities or the work they can do, including problems relating to old age.

#### Long-term unemployed

A person is described as long-term unemployed if they have not worked since 2009 or earlier.

#### Occupation

A person's occupation is coded from the responses to the questions asking for the full title of the main job and the description of what is done in that job.

#### Owned

This includes accommodation that is either owned outright or owned with a mortgage or loan.

#### Part-time working

Working part-time is defined as working 30 hours or less a week.

## Permanently sick / disabled

This is a sub-category of 'economically inactive'. There is no direct connection with long term health problem or disability.

#### Pensioner

This term is used to describe someone of pensionable age i.e. 65 and over for males and 60 and over for females.

Population density

Number of people per hectare.

### Private rented

Accommodation that is rented from a private landlord or letting agency, employer, household member or other non-social rented.

## Qualifications

The term 'no qualifications' describes people without any academic, vocational or professional qualification. The term 'lower level' qualification is used to describe qualifications equivalent to level 1 to 3 of the National Key Learning Targets (ie GSCE's, O levels, A levels, NVQ levels 1-3). The term 'higher level' refers to qualifications of levels 4 and above (ie first degrees, higher degrees, NVQ levels 4 and 5, HND, HNC and certain professional qualifications).

#### Self-employed

The distinction between employee and self-employed is determined by the response to the question 'Do (did) you work as an employee or are (were) you self employed?' It relates to the person's Main job in the week before Census or, if not working in the week before Census, their last Main job.

#### Shared ownership

Through shared ownership (part owned and part rented).

#### Social rented

Accommodation that is rented from a Local Authority or a Housing Association, Housing Co-operative, Charitable Trust or Registered Social Landlord.

#### Tenure

The tenure of a household is derived from the response to the question asking whether the household owns or rents its accommodation and if, rented, from the response to the question asking who is the landlord.

#### Unemployed

A person is defined as unemployed if he or she is not in employment, is available to start work in the next two weeks and has either looked for work in the last four weeks or is waiting to start a new job.

#### Working age population

Working age includes males aged 16-64 and females aged 16-64. Source: ONS mid-year population estimates

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