## GREAT AND LITTLE LEIGHS PARISH

TOTAL POPULATION: 2709 **TOTAL HOUSEHOLDS:** 998 **AVERAGE HOUSEHOLD SIZE:** 2.71

AREA: **AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY:** 

1689 hectares (7 sq miles) 1.60 people/hectare

(387 people/sq mile)



Great Leighs lies half way between Chelmsford and Braintree. Great Leighs is the location of arguably the oldest Inn in England, St. Anne's Castle, situated on the junction of Main Road and Boreham Road. Great Leighs has a recently renovated village hall. Little Leighs is a small village also within the parish. Little Leighs lies beside the River Ter, just south of the village of Great Leighs. The church in the village is dedicated to St John the Evangelist. Built of flint rubble, the fabric of the structure dates back at least as far as the early twelfth century. The parish is home to Chelmsford City Racecourse.

# **POPULATION**

## Population age structure

0-4	221	8.16%
5-7	123	4.54%
8-9	79	2.92%
10-15	217	8.01%
16-17	88	3.25%
18-24	191	7.05%
25-44	756	27.91%
45-64	721	26.61%
65-74	197	7.27%
75-84	89	3.29%
85+	27	1.00%



## Ethnicity

White	2613	96.46%
Mixed	39	1.44%
Asian or Asian British	45	1.66%
Black or Black British	8	0.30%
Other ethnic group	4	0.15%

## Religion

Christian	1686	62.24%
Buddhist	4	0.15%
Hindu	22	0.81%
Jewish	3	0.11%
Muslim	11	00.41%
Sikh	0	0.00%
Other	5	0.18%
No religion	776	28.65%
Religion not stated	202	7.46%

## Country of birth

England	2520	93.02%
Scotland	40	1.48%
Wales	16	0.59%
Northern Ireland	3	0.11%
Ireland	11	0.41%
Other EU Countries	138	5.09%
Born Elsewhere	254	9.38%

## Health

General health 'good'	1457	53.78%
General health 'very good'	937	34.59%
General health 'fair'	244	9.01%
General health 'bad'	57	2.10%
General health 'very bad'	14	0.52%
Long term health problem or Disability	289	10.67%
Providing unpaid care	246	9.08%



# HOUSING AND HOUSEHOLDS

# **Household Composition**

Total households		998	
One person		172	17.23%
Married Couple:	no children	155	15.53%
Married couple:	dependent children	257	25.75%
Married couple:	non dependent children	73	7.31%
Co-habiting couple:	no children	60	6.01%
Co-habiting couple:	dependent children	72	7.21%
Co-habiting couple:	non dependent children	2	0.20%
Lone parent:	dependent children	61	6.11%
Lone parent:	non dependent children	26	2.61%
All pensioner housel	nold over 65	2	0.20%

## **Amenities**

With central heating	598	59.92%
Without central heating	31	3.11%

## Cars and Vans

Households with no car or van	76	7.62%
Households with one car or van	319	31.96%
Households with two cars or vans	436	43.69%
Households with three cars or vans	112	11.22%
Households with four or more cars or vans	55	5.51%
All cars and vans in the area	1785	

## Tenure

Owner occupied	737	73.85%
Shared ownership	21	2.10%
Social rented	128	12.83%
Private rented	214	21.44%
Living rent free	14	1.40%

# Household Spaces and Accommodation Type

Detached	431	43.19%
Semi detached	262	26.25%
Terraced	224	15.63%
Flat or maisonette	156	15.63%
Caravan, mobile or temporary structure	3	0.30%
Vacant	19	1.90%





# **ECONOMY AND WORKFORCE**

## Population 16 - 74

All people 16 - 74	1953	
Males 16 - 74	956	48.95%
Females 16 - 74	997	51.05%

# Economic Activity - Males

Males economically active	788	82.43%
In employment	725	75.84%
- Part time	47	4.92%
- Full time	491	51.36%
- Self employed	187	19.56%
Unemployed	34	3.56%
Full time student	29	3.03%

# Economically Inactive - Males

Retired	104	10.88%
Student	31	3.24%
Looking after home/family	9	0.94%
Permanently sick/disabled	16	1.67%
Other	8	0.84%

# Males Unemployed

Age 16 - 24	14	1.46%
Age 50+	7	0.73%
Never worked	2	0.21%
Long term unemployed	14	1.46%

# **Economic Activity - Females**

Females economically active	658	66.00%
In employment	633	63.50%
- Part time	265	26.58%
- Full time	317	31.80%
- Self employed	51	5.12%
Unemployed	25	2.51%
Full time student	41	4.11%

# **Economically Inactive - Females**

Retired	127	12.74%
Student	35	3.51%
Looking after home/family	99	9.23
Permanently sick/disabled	16	1.60%
Other	21	2.11%

# Females Unemployed

Age 16 - 24	4	0.40%
Age 50+	3	0.30%
Never worked	3	0.30%
Long term unemployed	13	1.30%



# **ECONOMY AND WORKFORCE**

# Industry of working population

All people	1419	
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	16	1.13%
Mining and Quarrying	3	0.21%
Manufacturing	172	12.12%
Electricity, Gas and Water Supply	10	0.70%
Construction	154	10.85%
Wholesale and Retail Trade, Repair of Motor Vehicles	226	15.92%
Transport and Storage	67	4.72%
Accommodation and Food Activities	60	4.23%
Information and Communication	49	3.45%
Financial and Insurance Activities	101	7.12%
Real Estate Activities	23	1.62%
Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities	106	7.47%
Administration and Support Services Activities	54	3.81%
Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security	90	6.34%
Education	157	11.06%
Human Health and Social Work Activities	172	12.12%
Other	45	3.17%

## Travel to work patterns

Main part of journey to work by:		
Car or van	1051	53.81%
(incl. as passenger)	1051	
Rail	125	6.40%
Bus	41	2.10%
Motor cycle	12	0.61%
Bicycle	12	0.61%
Taxi	3	0.15%
Walking	54	2.76%
Other	4	0.20%
Works from home	117	5.10%

# Qualifications of population age 16 and over

All people 16 and over	2069	
No qualifications	324	15.66%
Highest qualification attained at level 1	338	16.34%
Highest qualification attained at level 2	368	17.79%
Highest qualification attained at level 3	282	13.63%
Highest qualification attained at level 4/5	620	29.97%
Apprenticeships	75	3.62%
Other qualifications	62	2.97%

# **GLOSSARY AND DEFINITIONS**

## **Further Information**

Further statistical information about this parish can be obtained from the Office for National Statistics website. Log on to www.neighbourhoodstatistics.gov.uk

This profile draws on information from the 2011 Census. The source of the data is the Office for National Statistics. Full definitions are provided within www.neighbourhoodstatistics.gov.uk

#### 2011 population

A resident was defined as someone who spent most of their time at a specific address. It included: people who usually lived at that address but were temporarily away (on holiday, visiting friends or relatives, or temporarily in a hospital or similar establishment); people who worked away from home for part of the time; students, if it was their term-time address; a baby born before 30 April 2011 even if it was still in hospital; and people present on Census Day, even if temporarily, who had no other usual address.

## Accommodation type

Accommodation type describes the type of accommodation occupied by an individual household, or if unoccupied, available for an individual household, for example the whole of a terraced house or a flat in a purpose built block of flats.

#### Age

Age is derived from the date of birth question and is the age at a person's last birthday.

## Cars or vans

The number of cars or vans owned, or available for use, by one or more members of a household. It included company cars and vans available for private use. The count of cars or vans in an area is based on details for private households only.

### Dwelling

A household's accommodation (a household space) is defined as being in a shared dwelling if it has accommodation type 'part of a converted or shared house', not all the rooms (including bathroom and toilet, if any) are behind a door that only that household can use and there is at least one other such household space at the same address with which it can be combined to form the shared dwelling. If any of these conditions is not met, the household space forms an unshared dwelling. Therefore a dwelling can consist of one household space (an unshared dwelling) or two or more household spaces (a shared dwelling).

#### Economically active

All people who were working in the week before the Census are described as economically active. In addition, the category includes people who were not working but were looking for work and were available to start work within two weeks.

### Economically inactive

Specific categories of Economic Inactivity are: Retired, Student (excludes those students who were working or in some other way were economically active). A person who is looking for work but is not available to start work within two weeks is counted as Economically Inactive.

#### **Employee**

The distinction between employee and self-employed is determined by the response to the question 'Do (did) you work as an employee or are (were) you self-employed?'. It relates to the person's main job in the week before the Census or, if not working in the week before the Census, their last Main job.

#### Ethnic group

The ethnic group question records each person's ethnic group as perceived by the individual themselves.

#### Full-time student

A full-time student is a person of any age who has indicated that they are a schoolchild or student in fulltime education.

#### Full-time working

Working full-time is defined as working 31 hours or more a week.

#### Household space

A household space is the accommodation occupied by an individual household or, if unoccupied, available for an individual household.

#### Industry

The industry in which a person works is determined by the response to the question asking for a description of the business of the person's employer (or own business if self-employed).

### In employment

Any person who carried out paid work in the week before the Census, whether self-employed or an employee, is described as employed or in employment.



# **GLOSSARY AND DEFINITIONS**

Long term health problem or disability

A self assessment of whether or not a person has a limiting long-term illness, health problem or disability which limits their daily activities or the work they can do, including problems relating to old age.

#### Long-term unemployed

A person is described as long-term unemployed if they have not worked since 2009 or earlier.

#### Occupation

A person's occupation is coded from the responses to the questions asking for the full title of the main job and the description of what is done in that job.

#### Owned

This includes accommodation that is either owned outright or owned with a mortgage or loan.

#### Part-time working

Working part-time is defined as working 30 hours or less a week.

## Permanently sick / disabled

This is a sub-category of 'economically inactive'. There is no direct connection with long term health problem or disability.

#### Pensioner

This term is used to describe someone of pensionable age i.e. 65 and over for males and 60 and over for females.

Population density

Number of people per hectare.

### Private rented

Accommodation that is rented from a private landlord or letting agency, employer, household member or other non-social rented.

### Qualifications

The term 'no qualifications' describes people without any academic, vocational or professional qualification. The term 'lower level' qualification is used to describe qualifications equivalent to level 1 to 3 of the National Key Learning Targets (ie GSCE's, O levels, A levels, NVQ levels 1-3). The term 'higher level' refers to qualifications of levels 4 and above (ie first degrees, higher degrees, NVQ levels 4 and 5, HND, HNC and certain professional qualifications).

#### Self-employed

The distinction between employee and self-employed is determined by the response to the question 'Do (did) you work as an employee or are (were) you self employed?' It relates to the person's Main job in the week before Census or, if not working in the week before Census, their last Main job.

#### Shared ownership

Through shared ownership (part owned and part rented).

#### Social rented

Accommodation that is rented from a Local Authority or a Housing Association, Housing Co-operative, Charitable Trust or Registered Social Landlord.

#### Tenure

The tenure of a household is derived from the response to the question asking whether the household owns or rents its accommodation and if, rented, from the response to the question asking who is the landlord.

#### Unemployed

A person is defined as unemployed if he or she is not in employment, is available to start work in the next two weeks and has either looked for work in the last four weeks or is waiting to start a new job.

#### Working age population

Working age includes males aged 16-64 and females aged 16-64. Source: ONS mid-year population estimates

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