# ST ANDREWS WARD

TOTAL POPULATION: 9081 TOTAL HOUSEHOLDS: 3802 **AVERAGE HOUSEHOLD SIZE:** 2.39

AREA:

213 hectares (0.8 sq miles) 42.6 people/hectare **AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY:** 

(11351 people/sq mile)



The ward of St Andrews is located on the north eastern edge of Chelmsford's urban area. It is primarily characterised by residential development with small neighbourhood centres. The area is the home to two primary schools, Lawford Mead and Newlands Spring and has one of the City Council's administrative area's largest open spaces at its heart, Melbourne Park. Adjacent to Melbourne Park is the Chelmsford Sports and Athletics Centre which is not only the home of Chelmsford City Football Club and Chelmsford Athletics Club, but a first class local community sports facility.

# **POPULATION**

### Population age structure

0-4	646	7.11%
5-7	326	3.59%
8-9	201	2.21%
10-15	677	7.46%
16-17	262	2.89%
18-24	732	8.06%
25-44	2380	26.21%
45-64	2362	26.01%
65-74	657	7.23%
75-84	532	5.86%
85+	306	3.37%



### Ethnicity

White	8349	91.94%
Mixed	183	2.02%
Asian or Asian British	332	3.66%
Black or Black British	178	1.96%
Other ethnic group	39	0.43%

### Religion

Christian	5408	59.55%
Buddhist	33	0.36%
Hindu	44	0.48%
Jewish	11	0.12%
Muslim	129	1.42%
Sikh	10	0.11%
Other	36	0.40%
No religion	2658	29.27%
Religion not stated	752	8.28%

### Country of birth

England	8081	88.99%
Scotland	107	1.18%
Wales	64	0.70%
Northern Ireland	33	0.36%
Ireland	79	0.87%
Other EU Countries	192	2.11%
Born Elsewhere	523	5.76%

### Health

General health 'good'	3028	33.34%
General health 'very good'	4336	47.75%
General health 'fair'	1269	13.97%
General health 'bad'	370	4.07%
General health 'very bad'	78	0.86%
Long term health problem or Disability	1587	17.47%
Providing unpaid care	966	10.64%

# HOUSING AND HOUSEHOLDS

# **Household Composition**

Total households		3802	
One person		1136	29.88%
Married Couple:	no children	465	12.23%
Married couple:	dependent children	620	16.31%
Married couple:	non dependent children	245	6.44%
Co-habiting couple:	no children	361	9.50%
Co-habiting couple:	dependent children	154	4.05%
Co-habiting couple:	non dependent children	28	0.74%
Lone parent:	dependent children	315	8.29%
Lone parent:	non dependent children	159	4.18%
All pensioner house	hold over 65	863	22.70%

### **Rooms and Amenities**

Average number of rooms per household	5.5	
With central heating	3745	98.50%
Without central heating	57	1.50%

### Cars and Vans

Households with no car or van	916	24.09%
Households with one car or van	1609	42.32%
Households with two cars or vans	995	26.17%
Households with three cars or vans	206	5.42%
Households with four or more cars or vans	76	2.00%
All cars and vans in the area	4544	

### Tenure

Owner occupied	5797	64.04%
Shared ownership	57	0.63%
Social rented	2295	25.36%
Private rented	809	8.94%
Living rent free	94	1.04%

# Household Spaces and Accommodation Type

Detached	922	23.79%
Semi detached	835	21.54%
Terraced	482	12.44%
Flat or maisonette	290	7.48%
Caravan, mobile or temporary structure	8	0.21%
Vacant	0	00.00%





# **ECONOMY AND WORKFORCE**

# Population 16 - 64

All people 16 - 64	5717 (2013)		
Males 16 - 64	2809	49.13%	
Females 16 - 64	2908	50.87%	

## Economic Activity - Males (2011)

Males economically active	2433	42.56%
In employment	227	3.97%
- Employees	1862	32.57%
- Self employed	365	6.38%
Unemployed	206	3.60%

## Economically Inactive Males (2011)

Males economically inactive	408	7.14%
Retired	134	2.34%
Student	117	2.05%
Looking after home/family	21	0.37%
Long term sick or disabled	93	1.63%
Other	43	0.75%

## Economic Activity - Females (2011)

Females economically active	2114	36.98%
In employment	1975	34.55%
- Employees	1837	32.13%
- Self employed	138	2.41%
Unemployed	139	2.43%

## Economically Inactive Females (2011)

Females economically inactive	781	13.66%
Retired	175	3.06%
Student	119	2.08%
Looking after home/family	321	5.61%
Long term sick or disabled	100	1.75%
Other	66	1.15%

# Jobseekers Allowance Claimants (May 2015) by age and duration

By age of claimant:	Age 18 - 24	40	30.77%
	Age 25 - 49	60	46.15%
	Age 50 and over	30	23.08%
By duration of claim:	Up to 6 months	80	61.54%
	Over 6 and up to 12 months	25	19.23%
	Over 12 months	20	15.38%





# **ECONOMY AND WORKFORCE**

# Industry of working population 16-74

All people	4316	
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	11	0.25%
Mining and Quarrying	3	0.07%
Manufacturing	284	6.58%
Electricity, Gas and Water Supply	54	1.25%
Construction	351	8.13%
Wholesale and Retail Trade, Repair of Motor Vehicles	632	14.64%
Transport and Storage	249	5.77%
Accommodation and Food Activities	197	4.56%
Information and Communication	164	3.80%
Financial and Insurance Activities	316	7.32%
Real Estate Activities	72	1.67%
Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities	301	6.97%
Administration and Support Services Activities	193	4.47%
Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security	276	6.39%
Education	467	10.82%
Human Health and Social Work Activities	552	12.79%
Other	194	4.49%

## Travel to work patterns 16-74

Main part of journey to work by:		
Car or van (incl. as passenger)	2650	41.45%
Rail	501	7.84%
Bus	267	4.18%
Motor cycle	40	0.63%
Bicycle	221	3.46%
Taxi	22	0.34%
Walking	404	6.32%
Other	20	0.31%
Works from home	191	2.99%

# Qualifications of population age 16 and over

All people 16 and over	7231	
No qualifications	1677	23.19%
Highest qualification attained at level 1	1149	15.89%
Highest qualification attained at level 2	1148	15.88%
Highest qualification attained at level 3	821	11.35%
Highest qualification attained at level 4/5	1856	25.67%
Apprenticeships	252	3.48%
Other qualifications	328	4.54%



# **GLOSSARY AND DEFINITIONS**

This profile draws on information from the 2011 Census and official labour market statistics for 2011 and 2013. The source of the data is the Office for National Statistics and Nomis Official Labour Market Statistics. Full definitions and further information can be found at the following websites

www.neighbourhoodstatistics.gov.uk and www.nomisweb.co.uk

### 2011 population

A resident was defined as someone who spent most of their time at a specific address. It included: people who usually lived at that address but were temporarily away (on holiday, visiting friends or relatives, or temporarily in a hospital or similar establishment); people who worked away from home for part of the time; students, if it was their term-time address; a baby born before 30 April 2011 even if it was still in hospital; and people present on Census Day, even if temporarily, who had no other usual address.

#### Accommodation type

Accommodation type describes the type of accommodation occupied by an individual household, or if unoccupied, available for an individual household, for example the whole of a terraced house or a flat in a purpose built block of flats.

#### Age

Age is derived from the date of birth question and is the age at a person's last birthday.

#### Cars or vans

The number of cars or vans owned, or available for use, by one or more members of a household. It included company cars and vans available for private use. The count of cars or vans in an area is based on details for private households only.

#### Dwelling

A household's accommodation (a household space) is defined as being in a shared dwelling if it has accommodation type 'part of a converted or shared house', not all the rooms (including bathroom and toilet, if any) are behind a door that only that household can use and there is at least one other such household space at the same address with which it can be combined to form the shared dwelling. If any of these conditions is not met, the household space forms an unshared dwelling. Therefore a dwelling can consist of one household space (an unshared dwelling) or two or more household spaces (a shared dwelling).

### Economically active

All people who were working in the week before the Census are described as economically active. In addition, the category includes people who were not working but were looking for work and were available to start work within two weeks.

#### Economically inactive

Specific categories of Economic Inactivity are: Retired, Student (excludes those students who were working or in some other way were economically active). A person who is looking for work but is not available to start work within two weeks is counted as Economically Inactive.

#### **Employee**

The distinction between employee and self-employed is determined by the response to the question 'Do (did) you work as an employee or are (were) you self-employed?'. It relates to the person's main job in the week before the Census or, if not working in the week before the Census, their last Main job.

#### Ethnic group

The ethnic group question records each person's ethnic group as perceived by the individual themselves.

#### Full-time student

A full-time student is a person of any age who has indicated that they are a schoolchild or student in fulltime education.

#### Full-time working

Working full-time is defined as working 31 hours or more a week.

#### Household space

A household space is the accommodation occupied by an individual household or, if unoccupied, available for an individual household.

#### Industry

The industry in which a person works is determined by the response to the question asking for a description of the business of the person's employer (or own business if self-employed).

#### In employment

Any person who carried out paid work in the week before the Census, whether self-employed or an employee, is described as employed or in employment.



# **GLOSSARY AND DEFINITIONS**

Long term health problem or disability

A self assessment of whether or not a person has a limiting long-term illness, health problem or disability which limits their daily activities or the work they can do, including problems relating to old age.

#### Long-term unemployed

A person is described as long-term unemployed if they have not worked since 2009 or earlier.

#### Occupation

A person's occupation is coded from the responses to the questions asking for the full title of the main job and the description of what is done in that job.

#### Owned

This includes accommodation that is either owned outright or owned with a mortgage or loan,

### Permanently sick / disabled

This is a sub-category of 'economically inactive'. There is no direct connection with long term health problem or disability.

#### Pensioner

This term is used to describe someone of pensionable age i.e. 65 and over for males and 60 and over for females.

### Population density

Number of people per hectare.

#### Private rented

Accommodation that is rented from a private landlord or letting agency, employer, household member or other non-social rented.

#### Qualifications

The term 'no qualifications' describes people without any academic, vocational or professional qualification. The term 'lower level' qualification is used to describe qualifications equivalent to level 1 to 3 of the National Key Learning Targets (ie GSCE's, O levels, A levels, NVQ levels 1-3). The term 'higher level' refers to qualifications of levels 4 and above (ie first degrees, higher degrees, NVQ levels 4 and 5, HND, HNC and certain professional qualifications).

### Self-employed

The distinction between employee and self-employed is determined by the response to the question 'Do (did) you work as an employee or are (were) you self employed?' It relates to the person 's Main job in the week before Census or, if not working in the week before Census, their last Main job.

#### Shared ownership

Through shared ownership (part owned and part rented).

#### Social rented

Accommodation that is rented from a Local Authority or a Housing Association, Housing Co-operative, Charitable Trust or Registered Social Landlord.

#### Tenure

The tenure of a household is derived from the response to the question asking whether the household owns or rents its accommodation and if, rented, from the response to the question asking who is the landlord.

#### Unemployed

A person is defined as unemployed if he or she is not in employment, is available to start work in the next two weeks and has either looked for work in the last four weeks or is waiting to start a new job.

#### Working age population

Working age includes males aged 16-64 and females aged 16-64. Source: ONS mid-year population estimates

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